

REGULATION

LAFAYETTE TOWNSHIP SCHOOL

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FOREWORD

The Board of Education has authorized the Superintendent to promulgate administrative regulations except where approval by the Board is required by statute or administrative code for the orderly operations of the Lafayette Township School District that are binding on all pupils, employees, and visitors to the district.

These administrative regulations are intended to give direction to staff members in carrying out Board policies, statutory mandates, and contractual obligations. The operations directed by these regulations should be efficient, amenable to assessment, and considerate of the needs and rights of pupils and employees. Any suggestions for additions or improvements that help attain these objectives are welcome.

These regulations apply to the entire school district.

These regulations will be made available to each employee. Employees and pupils who violate these regulations are subject to disciplinary action.



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R 7100 LONG-RANGE FACILITIES PLANNING

- A. Responsibilities of the School District - N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.1
1. The school district shall amend its Long Range Facilities Plan (LRFP) at least once every five years following the approval of the 2005 LRFP on software made available by the New Jersey Department of Education (NJDOE) and in accordance with the instructions for completing the software.
 2. The LRFP shall detail the school district's school facilities, other facilities, temporary facilities, and the school district's plan for meeting school facilities needs during the ensuing five years.
- B. Completion of Long Range Facilities Plans - N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.2
1. Each LRFP shall include:
 - a. Enrollment projections for the school district for the five years covered by the plan in accordance with the requirements of N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.2(a)1;
 - b. The functional capacity of every school facility in the school district in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.2(a)2;
 - c. An inventory of every school facility, other facility, and temporary facility in the school district in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.2(a)3;
 - d. An inventory of all school district-owned land in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.2(a)4;



- e. A listing of the approximate size and nature of any new sites that may be needed for school facilities projects set forth in the LRFP in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.2(a)5;
- f. An inventory of all building systems within each facility in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.2(a)6;
- g. A determination of the life expectancy of all building systems;
- h. A determination of any building system deficiencies in each school facility and the required remediation;
- i. The school district's proposed school facilities projects, other capital projects, and preliminary scopes of work in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.2(a)9 and N.J.S.A. 18A:7G-5(m);
- j. The school district's proposed programmatic models for school facility types and capacities the school district intends to operate in the ensuing five years;
- k. A comparison of the school district's proposed programmatic models with the facilities efficiency standards and identification of all types of spaces, sizes of spaces, and number of spaces inconsistent with those standards in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.2(a)11;
- l. A comparison of the school district's programmatic models with the existing inventory and how the school district proposes to convert the existing inventory to programmatic models;
- m. The school district's proposed plans for new construction and renovation of other facilities in the five years ensuing in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.2(a)13;



- n. For each school facility set forth in the LRFP for which the school district is seeking approval of additional space or waiver of a facility efficiency standard to be approved as part of the LRFP, the school district shall submit documentation supporting the request in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.3(c);
 - o. For each school facility to be replaced, a preliminary comparison of the cost of replacement of the school facility verses the cost to rehabilitate the school facility;
 - p. Preliminary data to support each proposed new school facility or addition, renovation to an existing school facility, and the removal from the school district's inventory of school facilities for each school facility to be sold, converted to non-school facility use, or razed;
 - q. A preliminary estimate of the cost of every school facilities project set forth in the LRFP; and
 - r. The Board resolution approving submission of the LRFP.
- 2. Each LRFP shall include a determination by the school district of the number of unhoused students for the ensuing five-year period calculated in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.2(b)1.
 - 3. Approved area for unhoused students shall be determined according to the formula as outlined in N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.2(c).
 - 4. Superintendents in Early Childhood Program Aid (ECPA) districts are strongly encouraged to meet and collaborate with community childhood education providers to meet the needs of unhoused students in the LRFP in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.2(d).



5. The school district shall incorporate the facilities efficiency standards in the LRFP and seek any necessary waiver or special Commissioner approval in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.2(e)1 and 2.
- C. LRFP Submission Procedure - N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.1
1. Except as provided in N.J.A.C. 6A:26-3.14, no school facilities project shall be considered or approved unless the school district's LRFP has been submitted to the NJDOE and approved by the Commissioner.
 2. The school district shall submit its LRFP to the planning board(s) of the municipality(ies) in which the school district is situated, no later than the date the school district submits the LRFP to the Commissioner. No LRFP shall be considered complete until comments have been received from the planning board(s) or until forty-five days have passed from the planning boards' receipt of the LRFP in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.1(c).
 3. In accordance with the provisions of N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.1(d), a school district sending students to another school district pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:38-8 et seq. shall expeditiously provide all information necessary for the receiving school district to complete its LRFP, including but not limited to, demographic information necessary to prepare enrollment projections. Both sending and receiving school districts must submit a LRFP. If a send-receive relationship is terminated pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:38-21, both the sending and receiving school districts shall promptly submit an amended LRFP.
 4. An amended LRFP must be submitted to the NJDOE, in accordance with the provisions of N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.1(e), if one or more school districts withdraw from a regional school district or a regional school district dissolves.
 5. At any time, a school district may submit an amendment to an approved LRFP for review and approval by the Commissioner.



6. A school district's approved LRFP shall remain in effect until an amended LRFP is approved.
- D. Review and Approval of Long-Range Facilities Plan - N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.3
1. Within ninety days of receipt of a LRFP from a school district that has not previously submitted a LRFP, the Division of Administration and Finance (Division) shall determine where the plan is fully and accurately complete and whether all information necessary to review the plan has been filed by the school district.
 - a. When a LRFP is determined to be complete, the Division shall notify the school district in writing that the plan is deemed complete.
 - b. When a LRFP is determined to be incomplete, the Division shall notify the school district in writing and require the submission of additional information as detailed in the notification. Only after the Division determines all requested information has been submitted and the information is accurate shall it determine a plan to be complete.
 2. Within sixty days of the date of notification that the plan is complete, the Commissioner shall notify the school district of the final determination of the LRFP. A final determination shall set forth information as outlined in N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.3(b).
 3. A school district shall amend its approved LRFP whenever it seeks to undertake a capital project that is inconsistent with the approved LRFP in effect. The amendment request shall be accompanied by a Board of Education resolution approving the submission of the LRFP amendment and shall be in accordance with the requirements of N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.3(c)1 through 4.



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4. The Commissioner may extend the deadline for reviewing each LRFP if at any time the number of LRFPs pending before the Commissioner for review exceeds twenty percent of the total number of operating school districts in the State pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.3(d).
5. A school district that has an approved LRFP may begin undertaking feasibility studies for new construction identified in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.3(b)6. For school districts required to use the New Jersey Schools Development Authority (Development Authority), the activities also shall be undertaken under the auspices of the Development Authority and in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:7G-5 and N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2 et seq.

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Revised: 6/27/18



R 7101 EDUCATIONAL ADEQUACY OF CAPITAL PROJECTS

Capital projects that affect any of the following criteria for educational adequacy shall be reviewed and approved by the Division of Administration and Finance (Division). The criteria are the number, configuration, size, location, or use of educational spaces within a school facility. The review for educational adequacy shall take into consideration the suitability of the number, configuration, size, location, and use of educational spaces; built-in furniture and equipment; and provisions for the disabled.

A. Projects Requiring Approval for Educational Adequacy – N.J.A.C. 6A:26-5.1

1. Capital projects that involve the following types of building construction work shall be approved for educational adequacy:
 - a. New school facilities including pre-fabricated facilities;
 - b. Additions to existing school facilities;
 - c. Alterations to the total number, dimension in volume and/or area, configuration or location of educational spaces or the number of any one kind of educational space; and
 - d. Installation of temporary facilities.

B. New Jersey Schools Development Authority (Development Authority), Regular Operating District (ROD), and Other Capital Projects – N.J.A.C. 6A:26-5.1(b)

1. Both Development Authority and ROD school facilities projects, along with other capital projects, shall be subject to educational adequacy reviews. The review process and types of documents subject to review will differ depending on whether the project is a school facilities project or other capital project, and if a school facilities project, on whether it is a Development Authority project or a ROD project.



- a. For a Development Authority school facilities project, the Development Authority on behalf of the school district shall apply for the review and approval for educational adequacy in conjunction with the application for approval of a school facilities project pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:26-3.

The application shall be made prior to the review and approval of capital projects for compliance with the Uniform Construction Code (UCC), N.J.A.C. 5:23, by the Division of Codes and Standards in the Department of Community Affairs, and prior to local share authorization. The educational adequacy review shall cover the following types of project documents: educational specifications; schematic plans and related documents; detailed plans and specifications; and final plans and specifications. The educational specifications, schematic plans, and related documents shall be submitted by the Development Authority on behalf of the school district at the time of project application. Detailed and final plans and specifications shall be forwarded to the Division by the Development Authority after project approval, but prior to the Division determination of final eligible costs and Department of Community Affairs review for UCC compliance.

- b. For a ROD school facilities project, school districts shall apply for the review and approval for education adequacy in conjunction with the application for approval of a school facilities project. The educational adequacy review shall cover the following types of documents: educational specifications, schematic plans and related documents, and final plans and specifications. The educational specifications, schematic plans, and related documents shall be submitted by the school district at the time of project application. Final plans and specifications shall be submitted by the school district after project approval, but prior to the UCC-compliance review.
- c. For any other capital project, school districts shall apply for the review and approval for educational adequacy in conjunction with



the application for the Division review for consistency with the school district's approved LRFP. The educational adequacy review shall cover educational specifications, schematic plans and related documents, and final plans and specifications. The educational specifications, schematic plans, and related documents shall be submitted by the school district at the time the project is reviewed for consistency with the school district's approved LRFP. Final plans and specifications shall be submitted by the school district after the consistency review, but prior to the UCC-compliance review.

C. Change of Use of Instructional Space, Non-Capital Project – N.J.A.C. 6A:26-5.1(c)

1. The Executive County Superintendent shall approve any change of use of instructional space that is not a capital project.

D. Educational Specifications – N.J.A.C. 6A:26-5.2

1. Submissions of educational specifications for educational adequacy reviews shall include the following:
 - a. Details of the educational program activities and requirements for each space proposed in the capital project, and shall refer to the New Jersey Student Learning Standards wherever appropriate;
 - b. An itemized list of furniture, equipment, and support spaces required to conduct the educational program specified for each space, together with their net areas in square feet, as well as the net of the total room area required for each space;
 - c. Specific technical and environmental criteria, adjacencies, and other requirements for the educational program; and
 - d. A building-space program that indicates the number and net area in square feet of each instructional, specialized instructional,



administrative, and support space in each existing or proposed building included in the capital project and/or the temporary facility.

E. Schematic Plans and Other Related Project Documents – N.J.A.C. 6A:26-5.3

1. Submissions of schematic plans for educational adequacy reviews shall include the following:
 - a. Four sets of schematic plans showing the entire existing and proposed building drawn to a scale of not less than 1/16 inch per foot. The approved use of each space, the proposed number of occupants, and the net square feet area shall be clearly labeled on all existing and proposed spaces;
 - b. Layouts of the built-in and moveable furniture and equipment for examples of all occupied spaces drawn to a scale of not less than 1/8 inch per foot;
 - c. Information required to demonstrate compliance with the Facility Planning Standards of N.J.A.C. 6A:26-6 including dimensions, clearances, ceiling heights, and required equipment;
 - d. Paths of travel for disabled persons;
 - e. A completed plot plan when work site is required, including the intended location of the school and a layout of the locations of all other structures, multi-purpose physical education fields, playgrounds, walkways, roadways, access roads, buffer and set back zones, parking areas, deed restrictions, easements, protective covenants, right of ways, and environmentally sensitive areas. If the land for the site is being acquired, an application also shall be submitted for approval under N.J.A.C. 6A:26-7.1; and
 - f. The signature and seal of a New Jersey licensed architect or professional engineer, if there is an architect or engineer engaged



for the project, and signatures of the President of the Board of Education and the Superintendent. In the case of Development Authority school facilities projects, schematic plans shall also be signed by the Development Authority, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 59:4-6.

2. Other project documents to be submitted with the schematic plans shall include:
 - a. A project cost estimate on a form provided by the Commissioner;
 - b. A project schedule;
 - c. A copy of the dated transmittal letter to the Executive County Superintendent indicating project document submission to the Division; and
 - d. A copy of the transmittal letter indicating the date of plan submission to the local planning board, where required by N.J.S.A. 40:55D-31 and N.J.S.A. 18A:18A-16, including, but not limited to, whenever the project consists of a new building, the conversion of an existing building to school use, or the building footprint, volume, pedestrian, or vehicular access are altered by the project.
- F. Detailed Plans and Specifications and Final Plans and Specifications – N.J.A.C. 6A:26-5.4
 1. In the case of a Development Authority school facilities project, the Development Authority on behalf of the school district shall apply upon completion of detailed plans and specifications for final approval of the project's educational adequacy. Detailed plans and specifications shall be considered adequate for calculations of final eligible costs if the plans and specifications are at least sixty percent complete. Final approval of the educational adequacy of the project shall occur prior to the calculation of the final eligible costs of the school facilities project pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:26-3.5. The application for final approval shall include:



- a. Four individually packaged sets of detailed plans, drawn to a scale of not less than 1/8 inch per foot, signed and sealed by a New Jersey licensed architect or professional engineer and signed by the President of the Board of Education, Superintendent, and the Development Authority, and specifications to sufficiently demonstrate the school facilities project conforms to schematic plans approved by the Division. To demonstrate such conformance, the submission shall include architectural floor plans, an architectural site plan, as applicable, and architectural drawings that will allow verification of ceiling heights and other applicable standards in N.J.A.C. 6A:26-6.3. If the Division determines the documents are not sufficient to demonstrate conformity with the schematic plans, it may request additional drawings and/or technical specifications;
 - b. The fee calculated according to the fee schedule pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:26-5.5; and
 - c. In the event there is a change affecting the number, configuration, size, location, or use of educational spaces as set forth in the detailed plans and specifications submitted to the New Jersey Department of Education, the Development Authority shall submit to the Division the application with two sets of final plans and specifications, as set forth in subparagraph 2.a. below. No additional fee will be imposed.
2. In the case of a ROD school facilities project or another capital project, the school district shall apply upon the completion of final plans and specifications for final approval of the educational adequacy of the project. The application shall include:
 - a. Four individually packaged sets of detailed plans, drawn to a scale of not less than 1/8 inch per foot, signed and sealed by a New Jersey licensed architect or professional engineer and signed by the President of the Board of Education and Superintendent, and specifications to sufficiently demonstrate the capital project



conforms to schematic plans approved by the Division as described in F.1.a. above;

- b. A properly executed copy of a "Request for Local Release of School Construction Plans" for a district that chooses to have a municipal code enforcing agency review its plans for UCC conformance. The review shall include the documentation required by the UCC in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.15, for the requirements for application for a construction permit or for plan review, as appropriate. The Superintendent and municipal code enforcing agency chief shall sign the form, which may be obtained from the Division; and
 - c. A check, payable to the "Treasurer, State of New Jersey," for the fee calculated according to the fee schedule pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:26-5.5.
3. In the case of a temporary facility, the school district or the Development Authority on behalf of the school district for Development Authority school facilities projects, shall apply to the Division upon the completion of detailed plans and educational specifications for approval of the temporary facility's adequacy. Detailed plans and educational specifications shall be considered adequate for calculations of eligible costs if the plans and educational specifications are at least sixty percent complete unless otherwise provided in N.J.A.C. 6A:26-5.4. The application shall include items in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:26-5.4(c) as outlined below:
 - a. Four sets of detailed plans, drawn to a scale of not less than 1/8 inch per foot, signed and sealed by a New Jersey registered architect or licensed engineer and signed by the President of the Board of Education and Superintendent, as well as the Development Authority in the case of a temporary facility that is part of a Development Authority school facilities project, and educational specifications to sufficiently demonstrate the



educational adequacy of the temporary facility and compliance with the temporary facility standards at N.J.A.C. 6A:26-8;

- b. A completed plot plan whenever site work is required for the temporary facility. On it shall be shown the intended location of the temporary facility and a layout of all other structures, play and recreation areas, athletic fields, walkways, roadways, access roads, buffer and set-back zones, and parking areas. It also clearly shall indicate the impact that placement of the temporary facility will have on the site of the permanent school facility;
- c. A copy of the dated transmittal letter to the Executive County Superintendent indicating plan submission to the Division;
- d. A copy of the transmittal letter indicating the date of plan submission to the local planning board, whenever required by N.J.S.A. 40:55D-31 and N.J.S.A. 18A:18A-16;
- e. A temporary facility schedule addressing the relationship to the school facilities project schedule, in the event that the temporary facility is part of a school facilities project;
- f. The fee calculated according to the fee schedule pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:26-5.5. If the temporary facility is not part of a Development Authority school facilities project, payment shall be in the form of a check, payable to the "Treasurer, State of New Jersey";
 - (1) If the fee for the temporary facility is submitted to the Division prior to the submission of the fee for the final educational adequacy review for the school facilities project, the amount paid for the temporary facility will be credited toward the fee for the school facilities project;
- g. If the temporary facility is not part of a Development Authority school facilities project, a properly executed copy of a Request for



Local Release of School Construction Plans for a school district that chooses to have a municipal code enforcing agency review its plans for conformance with the UCC. Such review shall require the documentation required by the UCC, N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.15, for the requirements for application for a construction permit or for plan review, as appropriate. The Superintendent and municipal code enforcing agency chief shall sign the form, which may be obtained from the Division; and

- h. If the temporary facility was previously used for school purposes and a certificate of occupancy for Group E, as designated by the Commissioner of the Department of Community Affairs, is in effect and no change of use is required, a floor plan with proposed occupancy in lieu of signed and sealed plans shall be submitted to the Division to meet the requirements of N.J.A.C. 6A:26-5.4.

G. Fee Schedule – N.J.A.C. 6A:26-5.5

The Division will collect fees for reviews of detailed/final plans and specifications for educational adequacy in the case of Development Authority school facilities projects and for its reviews of final plans and specifications for educational adequacy in ROD school facilities projects and other capital projects in accordance with the fee schedule outlined in N.J.A.C. 6A:26-5.5.

H. Capital Projects Not Subject to Educational Adequacy Review – N.J.A.C. 6A:26-5.6

- 1. For a Development Authority school facilities project not subject to educational adequacy review, the Division shall issue a preliminary project report and shall forward to the Department of Community Affairs for review the report along with drawings or narrative sufficient to delineate the scope of work, so the Department of Community Affairs may review construction documents for UCC conformance. The review shall require the documentation required by the UCC in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.15, for the requirements for application for a construction permit or for plan review, as appropriate.



2. For a ROD school facilities project or other capital project not subject to educational adequacy review, the Division shall make a determination of the project's final eligible costs and shall forward to the Department of Community Affairs for review the determination along with drawings or narrative sufficient to delineate the scope of work, so the Department of Community Affairs may review construction documents for UCC conformance. The review shall include the documentation required by the UCC in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.15, for the requirements for a construction-permit or plan-review application, as appropriate. If the school district has submitted to the Division a properly executed copy of a "Request for Local Release of School Construction Plans," pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:26-5.4(b)2, the Division shall forward the release form to the Department of Community Affairs for its action.

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R 7230 GIFTS, GRANTS, AND DONATIONS

Grants and/or Gifts from Private Sources

The Board of Education encourages and will accept funding from private sources. The following regulations govern the development and processing of private funding proposals.

A. Sources

1. The Superintendent shall research sources of private funding through individuals and foundations. He/she shall prepare a list of appropriate funding sources in the community and State.
2. All school district employees are encouraged to be alert to possibilities for private resources for school aid, financial and in-kind, from community members and organizations. The Superintendent will explore the potential for aid with the employee and as appropriate, the private resource.
3. The Superintendent will visit the directors of foundations interested in educational progress and research to explore areas of mutual interest. He/she will determine whether the foundation will support specific program grants, graduate work for teaching staff members, the construction and/or improvement of school facilities, professional growth activities, arts education, community education, community and school liaison activities, and so forth.

B. Approval

Any proposal for private funding must be submitted to the Superintendent for approval. The rationale for the proposal must set forth the objectives for the funding, the proposal program statement, and the means by which the objectives will be evaluated.

Gifts, Grants, and Donations

A. Definitions

1. "Gift" means a donation of any property, real or personal, including cash, to the school district, to any individual class, or to any school program.
2. "Donor" means any individual or organization that offers a gift.



B. Gift Proposals

1. A gift proposal may be made to the Superintendent. When a gift is proposed to any staff member, the donor shall be referred to the Superintendent.
2. The Superintendent shall prepare a property donation form for any gift that cannot be accepted directly in accordance with C1. The form will include:
 - a. The name and address of the donor;
 - b. A description of the proposed gift;
 - c. The class, school, and/or program to which the donation is made;
 - d. The proposed use of the gift and its relation to the curriculum;
 - e. The proposed location of the gift;
 - f. The cost to the district, if any, for moving, installation, and maintaining the gift; and
 - g. The donor's intention, if any, that the gift be a memorial.
3. A donor who proposes a gift of funds up to \$500 in amount will be invited by the Superintendent to discuss the dedication of the funds to a purchase that will enrich the school program. The donor will be encouraged to fund purchases not likely to be made with public funds.
4. Any proposed donation of funds \$500 or more will be referred to the Superintendent, who will invite the donor to confer with him or her on the dedication of the funds.
5. The Superintendent is encouraged to keep a list of appropriate gifts as an aid to individuals and organizations seeking gift opportunities.

C. Acceptance of Gifts

1. The Superintendent may accept gifts of funds up to \$500 in amount and gifts or property valued at up to \$500. All gifts accepted by the Superintendent will be reported to the Board.



2. All gifts of value greater than \$500 can be accepted only by resolution of the Board duly convened.
3. The staff members who would be professionally involved in the use of the gift will be consulted on its suitability in the educational program.
4. A gift of property may be submitted for professional assessment and evaluation before it is accepted, in order to determine the Board's potential liability for installation, maintenance, and/or repair.
5. The district purchasing officer will be consulted as to whether a proposed gift meets necessary district specifications. A gift that does not meet district health and safety standards will not be accepted.
6. A gift of money, whether or not it is dedicated to a specific purpose, will be accepted into the general account of the district. Any purchases made with the gift are subject to applicable State law and Board policy on advertising for bids and purchasing generally.
7. The donor of any accepted gift of property or cash will be notified in writing of the acceptance of the gift, the value of the gift in dollar amount, and the value of the gift to the educational program of the district.
8. A gift intended as a memorial will be fittingly recognized by means (such as a plaque or ceremony) approved by the donor and the Board.
9. Capital property accepted as a gift shall be insured for its replacement value.

The Board accepts its responsibility to provide from public funds sufficient supplies and equipment for an effective instructional program. The Board recognizes, however, that from time to time individuals or organizations in the community may wish to contribute additional supplies or equipment to enhance or extend the instructional program.

The Board may accept by resolution duly passed at a public meeting any gift or grant of land, with or without improvement, and of money or other personal property, except that the Superintendent may accept on behalf of the Board any such gift less than \$500 in value. Grants of land are subject to the appropriate legal limitations and approvals.



The Board reserves the right to refuse to accept any gift that does not contribute towards the achievement of the goals of this district or any gifts the ownership of which would tend to deplete the resources of the district. The Board shall not provide public moneys for the purchase of any school property on a matching fund basis.

Any gift accepted by the Board shall become property of the Board, may not be returned without the approval of the Board, and shall be subject to the same controls and regulations as are other properties of the Board, the Board shall be responsible for the maintenance of any gift it accepts, subject to any joint agreement with another governmental body.

The Board will respect the intent of the donor in its use of a gift, but reserves the right to utilize any gift it accepts in the vested interests of the pupils and the educational program of the district. In no case shall acceptance of a gift be considered to be an endorsement by the Board of a commercial product or business enterprise or institution of learning.

D. Grants From Private Sources

The Board encourages the development of proposals to private foundations and other sources of financial aid to subsidize such activities as innovative projects, feasibility studies, long-range planning, and research and development. Any such activity must:

1. Be based on a specific set of project objectives that relate to the established goals of the district;
2. Provide measures for evaluating whether or not project objectives are being achieved; and
3. Conform to applicable State and Federal laws and to Board policies.

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R 7300.2 DISPOSITION OF LAND

The Board of Education by a recorded roll call majority vote of its full membership may dispose, by sale or otherwise, of any lands or any rights or interest therein, owned by it, which cease to be suitable or convenient for the use for which they were acquired or which are no longer needed for school purposes, whether acquired through purchase or through condemnation proceedings and the purchaser shall acquire title free from any use of purpose for which it may have been acquired by the Board in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:20-5 through 18A:20-7, N.J.A.C. 6A:26-7.4, and Policy 7100.

A. Written Request for Approval for Disposal – N.J.A.C. 6A:26-7.4(a)

The district shall make to the Division of Administration and Finance (Division) a written request for school district-owned land to be altered or disposed of through sale, transfer, or exchange of all or part of the total acreage, including rights or interest therein and/or improvements thereon, such as facilities, if applicable.

1. The district will send a copy of the request to the Executive County Superintendent who shall make recommendations to the Division. The Executive County Superintendent shall provide a copy of the recommendations to the Board.
2. The request shall indicate whether the district intends to convey the site, rights, or interest therein, and/or improvements thereon, under an exception to the public sale requirements of N.J.S.A. 18A:20-6.
3. The request shall indicate whether the school district intends to convey the site, rights, or interest therein, and/or improvements thereon that had been conveyed to the school district from the New Jersey Schools Development Authority (Development Authority) or funded in whole or in part by the State share under Educational Facilities Construction and Financing Act (EFCFA).
4. If the land, rights, or interest therein, and/or improvements thereon have been conveyed to the school district from the Development Authority, the request shall provide evidence acceptable to the New Jersey Department of Education that the property has not reverted to the Development Authority as authorized under N.J.A.C. 19:34-3.6.
5. If a school district seeks to dispose of land, rights, or interest therein, and/or improvements thereon funded in part with debt service aid pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:7G-9 or 10, and the land and/or improvements are either not needed or not being used for the purposes for which the bonds were issued, any proceeds from the disposal shall be used by the school district



first to reduce the outstanding principal amount at the earliest call date or to annually reduce the debt service principal payments. The Board may request approval from the Commissioner to apply the proceeds over the term of the outstanding debt or by some other distribution mechanism if, for example, it is beneficial to stabilizing the school district's debt service tax levy.

B. Disposal – N.J.A.C. 6A:26-7.4(b)

The Division shall determine whether the disposal is consistent with the district's approved Long-Range Facilities Plan (LRFP) or has a negative impact on the educational adequacy of an individual site.

C. Notification of Approval – N.J.A.C. 6A:26-7.4(c)

The Division shall notify the school district of its approval or disapproval and send a copy to the Executive County Superintendent. If the disposal includes a site, rights, or interest therein and/or improvements thereon conveyed to the school district from the Development Authority, is funded in whole or in part by State share under EFCFA, or is in a school district that is required to use the Development Authority, the Division shall also notify the Development Authority.

D. Sale at Public Sale; Exceptions – N.J.S.A. 18A:20-6

Any lands, rights, or interests therein sold by the Board, except lands conveyed as part of a lease purchase agreement pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:20-4.2(f), shall be sold at public sale, to the highest bidder, after advertisement of the sale in a newspaper published in the district, or if none is published therein, then in a newspaper circulating in the district, in which the same is situated, at least once a week for two weeks prior to the sale, unless:

1. The same are sold to the State, or a political division thereof, in which case they may be sold at private sale without advertisement; or
2. The sale or other disposition thereof in some other manner is provided for in N.J.S.A. 18A.

E. Sales at Fixed Minimum Prices – N.J.S.A. 18A:20-7

1. In the case of public sales the Board may by resolution fix a minimum price with or without the reservation of the right, upon the completion of said public sale, to accept or reject the highest bid made, a statement whereof shall be included in the advertisement of sale of the lands and given as public notice at the time of the sale. The Board may by resolution provide without fixing a minimum price, that upon the completion of the public sale, the Board may



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accept or reject the highest bid received. If the Board fails to accept or reject the highest bid by the second regular Board meeting following the sale, the bid will be deemed to have been rejected.

2. If no bid is received or if the bids that are received are rejected by the Board in the public interest, the Board may enter into negotiations with any interested party or parties for the sale or other disposal of the property, but shall offer a bidder a hearing upon the bidder's request before entering into such negotiations.

3. The acceptance or rejection of a negotiated price shall be by the affirmative votes of a majority of the full number of Board members at a regularly scheduled meeting.

F. Sewer Lines - N.J.A.C. 6A:26-7.4(d)

The district may convey and transfer, without consideration, its right, title, and interest in and to any trunk or other sewer lines to a municipality, without requiring approval from the Division.

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R 7300.3 DISPOSITION OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

A. Definitions

1. “Personal property” means all Board of Education property other than real property as defined in Regulation 7300.2 and Federal property as defined in Regulation 7300.4.
2. “Excess property” means personal property that is no longer needed and is not required as a trade-in on a replacement purchase.

B. Master List of Excess Property

1. Upon request of the School Business Administrator/Board Secretary or designee, a Principal or other administrator will compile a list of excess property in a school district building or program at the close of a school year.
2. The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary will receive lists prepared in accordance with paragraph B.1. and will maintain a master, district-wide list of excess property.
3. A Principal or other administrator may request transfer of excess property by submitting a request to the School Business Administrator/Board Secretary.
4. An item transferred to another location in the school district will be removed from the district-wide list of excess property.
5. An item of personal property that has remained on the district-wide master list of excess property maybe disposed of in accordance with Policy 7300 and this Regulation.

C. Disposal at Public Sale– N.J.S.A. 18A:18A-45



The Board may, by resolution and by sealed bid or public auction, authorize the sale of its personal property not needed for school purposes.

1. If the estimated fair value of the property to be sold exceeds fifteen percent of the bid threshold in any one sale and it is neither livestock nor perishable goods, it shall be sold at public sale to the highest bidder.
2. Notice of the date, time and place of the public sale, together with a description of the items to be sold and the conditions of sale, shall be published once in the official newspaper.

Such sale shall be held not less than seven nor more than fourteen days after the publication of the notice thereof.

3. Personal property may be sold to the United States, the State of New Jersey, another Board of Education, any body politic, any foreign nation which has diplomatic relations with the United States, or any governmental unit in these United States by private sale without advertising for bids.
4. If no bids are received the property may then be sold at private sale without further publication or notice thereof, but in no event at less than the estimated fair value; or the Board may if it so elects, reoffer the property at public sale.

As used herein, "estimated fair value" means the market value of the property between a willing seller and a willing buyer less the cost to the Board to continue storage or maintenance of any personal property not needed for school purposes to be sold pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:18A-45.

5. The Board may reject all bids if it determines such rejection to be in the public interest.
 - a. In any case in which the Board has rejected all bids, it may readvertise such personal property for a subsequent public sale.



- b. If it elects to reject all bids at a second public sale, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:18A-45, it may then sell such personal property without further publication or notice thereof at private sale, provided that in no event shall the negotiated price at private sale be less than the highest price of any bid rejected at the preceding two public sales and provided further that in no event shall the terms or conditions of sale be changed or amended.
 6. If the estimated fair value of the property to be sold does not exceed the applicable bid threshold established pursuant to section C.1. above in any one sale or is either livestock or perishable goods, it may be sold at private sale without advertising for bids.
 7. Notwithstanding the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:18A-45 and this Regulation, by resolution of the Board, the purchasing agent may include the sale of personal property no longer needed for school purposes as part of specifications to offset the price of a new purchase.
- D. Discarding of Textbooks – N.J.S.A. 18A:34-3
1. Prior to discarding textbooks, the School Business Administrator/Board Secretary or designee shall notify the New Jersey Department of Education (NJDOE) of any textbooks the school district intends to discard.
 2. In accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:34-3, the NJDOE shall within fourteen days of receiving notification from the school district of the intent to dispose of textbooks, list the textbooks in a textbook database.
 3. The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary or designee shall retain the textbooks to be discarded for a period of one hundred and twenty days after the district has notified the NJDOE.
- E. Scrap and Waste Property
1. In the event no bids are received for personal property or the personal property is not sold at public or private sales pursuant to N.J.S.A.



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18A:18A-45, the Board may declare the personal property as scrap or waste and dispose of it locally.

2. Personal property declared scrap or waste with no recyclable or usable value may be discarded.
3. Personal property declared scrap or waste may not be given or sold to employees, private citizens, local governments, non-profit organizations, etc.

F. Board of Education Approval

1. The Board of Education will approve, by resolution of the Board, the negotiated price of personal property offered at private sale and any personal property declared scrap or waste.

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R 7300.4 DISPOSITION OF FEDERAL PROPERTY

A. Definitions

1. “Awarding agency” means with respect to this Regulation and a Federal grant, the Federal agency awarding the grant.
2. “Uniform Grant Guidance” means a set of Federal grant regulations that combines several previous Federal cost principles, administrative requirements, and audit requirement circulars into a single, comprehensive document.
3. “Federal property” means all equipment, supplies, or realproperty purchased with Federal grant funds.
4. “Equipment” means tangible personal property (including information technology systems) having a useful life of more than one year and a per-unit acquisition cost which equals or exceeds the lesser of the capitalization level established by the non-Federal entity for financial statement purposes, or \$5,000, as defined in the Uniform Grant Guidance – 2 CFR Part 200.
5. “Real property” means land, including land improvements structures and appurtenances thereto, but excludes moveable machinery and equipment, as defined in the Uniform Grant Guidance – 2 CFR Part 200.
6. “Supplies” means all tangible personal property other than those described in “Equipment”, as defined in the Uniform Grant Guidance – 2 CFR Part 200.
7. “Federal property no longer needed” for the purposes of this Regulation means property acquired under a Federal award that is no longer needed for the original project or program or for other activities currently or previously supported by a Federal awarding agency, except as otherwise



provided in Federal statutes, regulations, or Federal awarding agency disposition instructions.

B. Periodic Review

1. The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary will compile a list of physical inventory of Federal property in the district. This physical inventory must be taken and the results reconciled with the property records at least once every two years.
2. A list of Federal property no longer needed will be periodically distributed to all school facilities in the district.
3. Any school may request to transfer Federal property to a currently or previously funded Federal project or arrange a shared-time use with other such projects.
4. Federal property no longer needed in the school district will be considered for disposition.

C. Disposition of Federal Property - Equipment

1. The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary will request disposition instructions from the awarding agency for Federal equipment no longer needed.
 - a. If the awarding agency fails to provide requested disposition instructions within one hundred and twenty days, items of Federal equipment with a current per-unit fair-market value in excess of \$5,000 may be retained or sold by the school district. If the equipment is sold by the school district, the awarding agency is entitled to proceeds in accordance with 2 CFR 200.313(e)(2).
 - b. Federal equipment no longer needed with a current per-unit fair-market value of \$5,000 or less may be retained, sold, or otherwise disposed of with no further obligation to the awarding agency.



Disposition of Federal Property

2. If the awarding agency fails to provide disposition instructions, the sale of Federal equipment no longer needed will be sold and/or disposed of in accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:18A-45 and Regulation 7300.3.

D. Disposal of Federal Property – Supplies

1. Title to supplies will vest in the school district upon acquisition.
2. If there is a residual inventory of unused supplies exceeding \$5,000 in total aggregate value upon termination or completion of the project or program, and the supplies are not needed for any other Federal award, the school district shall retain the supplies for use on other activities or sell them, but must in either case, compensate the awarding agency for its share. The amount of compensation shall be computed in the same manner as for Federal equipment in accordance with 2 CFR 200.313(e)(2).

E. Disposal of Federal Property – Real Property

1. The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary or designee shall request disposition instructions from the United States Department of Education for real property equipment no longer needed for the original purpose.
2. The instructions must provide for one of the following alternatives: retain title after compensating the awarding agency; sell the property and compensate the awarding agency; transfer title to the awarding agency; or third party designated/approved by the awarding agency.

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R 7410 MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR

A. Inspection

1. The Coordinator of Buildings and Grounds shall inspect the facility daily for proper functioning and cleanliness in critical areas.
2. The Superintendent, with the Coordinator of Buildings and Grounds, shall make a monthly inspection of the school building, support facilities, and grounds to identify any required repairs or replacements.
3. Safety inspections of the facility will be made in accordance with regulations.
4. Health and sanitary inspections of the facility will be made in accordance with regulations.

B. Reports

1. Reports of each inspection required in A1 and A2 will be made on the prescribed district form to the Coordinator of Buildings and Grounds.
2. Repairs required between inspections may be reported to the Coordinator of Buildings and Grounds by any staff member on the applicable district form. Whenever possible, only one request will be made on each form.
3. The Coordinator of Buildings and Grounds will report to the Superintendent those repairs to be performed by the district staff and those that require the services of an outside contractor.

C. Repairs by District Staff

1. Any teaching staff member may prepare, on the prescribed form, a work order request for repairs and/or maintenance. All work order requests will be submitted to the Coordinator of Buildings and Grounds.
2. The Coordinator of Buildings and Grounds will assign a priority to those work orders to be performed by district staff. The priority code will be:
 - a. Emergency, for work that must be done immediately;



- b. High Priority, for work that affects health or safety;
 - c. Normal Priority, for work that affects neither health nor safety; and
 - d. Low Priority, for work that can be completed during the summer months or whenever staff is available.
 3. Work scheduled to be performed by the district staff shall be entered on a work order form unless an emergency exists in which case the form may be filed after the repair has been made.
 4. The work order form in one copy shall include the following information:
 - a. Location of repair;
 - b. Work to be performed;
 - c. Scheduled date of completion; and
 - d. Signature of Coordinator of Buildings and Grounds.
 5. The Coordinator of Buildings and Grounds is authorized to make single purchases required for repairs at supply distributors approved by the School Business Administrator/Board Secretary.
 6. The Coordinator of Buildings and Grounds' denial of a work order request or alleged mistake in priority assignment may be appealed to the Superintendent.
- D. Repairs by Outside Contractors
 1. When it appears to be necessary to utilize outside contracting services to effect a repair, the Assistant Principal, Coordinator of Buildings and Grounds, and any other interested staff member will confer in the preparation of a job specification.
 2. The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary shall prepare a purchase requisition for submission to the Superintendent that indicates:
 - a. The recommended vendor(s);
 - b. The work required and its location;
 - c. The reason why the work cannot be done by district staff; and
 - d. The estimated cost as obtained from at least three contractors.



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3. The Superintendent or designee shall be responsible for supervising the conduct of the work.
- E. Replacements and Improvements
1. The Superintendent or designee will prepare a replacement schedule that lists all district equipment. Annual recommendations will be made in the budget to maintain the schedule of replacements.
 2. Replacements required but not scheduled shall be submitted to the Superintendent or the Coordinator of Buildings and Grounds by the end of September on a budget request form for consideration in the next annual budget.
 3. A comprehensive district maintenance plan shall be prepared every five years in accordance with statute in order to meet facility needs and comply with law.
 4. Recommended improvements not included in the comprehensive plan will be presented to the Assistant Principal in the form of a report describing the need and the affect it will have on the educational program or the costs of operation.

Adopted: 7 September 2010



R 7420 HANDLING AND DISPOSAL OF BODY WASTES AND FLUIDS

A. Definitions

1. "Body wastes and fluids" includes a person's blood, semen, drainage from scrapes and cuts, feces, urine, vomitus, respiratory secretions (e.g., nasal discharge), and saliva. Body fluids of all persons should be considered to potentially contain infectious agents.
2. "Disinfectant" means an intermediate level agent that will kill vegetative bacteria, fungi, tubercle bacillus, and viruses and has been registered by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency for use as a disinfectant in medical facilities and hospitals. The following classes of disinfectants are acceptable, with hypochlorite solution (A2c) preferred for objects that may be put in the mouth:
 - a. Ethyl or isopropyl alcohol (70%);
 - b. Phenolic germicidal detergent in a 1% aqueous solution;
 - c. Sodium hypochlorite with at least 100 ppm available chlorine (one-half cup household bleach in one gallon water, freshly prepared for each use);
 - d. Quaternary ammonium germicidal detergent in 2% aqueous solution; and
 - e. Iodophor germicidal detergent with 500 ppm available iodine.
3. "Person" means any person on school premises or at a school-related activity, including pupils, staff members, and visitors, whether or not the person has a communicable disease or has been exposed to a communicable disease.

B. Precautions

1. Whenever possible, direct contact with body wastes and fluids should be avoided.
2. The wearing of protective gloves is required whenever direct hand contact with body wastes and fluids is anticipated, such as in treating a bloody nose, handling clothing soiled by incontinence, and cleaning small spills by hand.



Handling and Disposal of Body Wastes and Fluids

3. Disposable protective gloves shall be worn by any person in the removal of body wastes and fluids and the treatment or disinfection of any items or surfaces that have come in contact with body wastes and fluids.
 4. A supply of disposable protective gloves shall be maintained in the office of the school nurse and shall be freely available to all staff members.
- C. When Bodily Contact with Body Wastes or Fluids Occurs
1. Hands and other skin areas that have come in contact with a person's body wastes or fluids must be thoroughly washed by the use of soap and vigorous scrubbing of all contacted surfaces under running water for at least ten seconds. Hands and other skin areas should then be dried with paper towels.
 2. Gloves soiled by contact with body wastes and fluids or in the cleaning of soiled items and surfaces should be promptly removed and placed in a plastic bag or lined trash can, secured, and disposed of daily.
- D. Removal of Body Wastes and Fluids From the Environment
1. A sanitary absorbent agent, designed to absorb and disinfect body wastes and fluids, will be applied in accordance with instructions supplied with the material.
 2. When the fluid is absorbed, the material will be vacuumed or swept up and the vacuum bag or sweepings will be disposed of in a plastic bag or lined trash can, secured, and disposed of daily.
 3. The broom and dust pan used in sweeping will be rinsed in a disinfectant. No special handling is required for the vacuuming equipment.
 4. Any disposable items (such as paper towels and tissues) used to clean up will be placed in a plastic bag or lined trash can, secured, and disposed of daily.
- E. Treatment of Soiled Items
1. Items such as clothing and fabric towels should be rinsed under cold running water to remove body wastes and fluids. If necessary for the treatment of stains, the item may be soaked in cold water.



Handling and Disposal of Body Wastes and Fluids

2. If such prerinsing is required, gloves should be used when rinsing or soaking the items in cold water prior to bagging. Clothing should be sent home for washing with appropriate directions to parents/teachers.
 3. Rinsed items may be stored in a plastic bag until further treatment can be given. A pupil's soiled clothing should be placed in a plastic bag with prepared laundry instructions for the parent(s) or legal guardian(s).
 4. Clothing and other items soiled by body wastes and fluids should be laundered separately in soap and water. The use of a household chlorine bleach is recommended; if the material is not colorfast, a nonchlorine bleach may be used.
 5. Soiled disposable items (e.g., tissues, cotton balls, band aids, paper towels, diapers) should be handled in the same manner as disposable gloves.
- F. Treatment of Soiled Rugs
1. Body wastes and fluids should be removed as provided in D.
 2. A rug shampoo with a germicidal detergent should be applied with a brush and, when dried, vacuumed.
 3. The vacuum bag will be placed in a plastic bag or lined trash can, secured, and disposed of daily.
- G. Disinfection of Hard Surfaces
1. Employees are to wear gloves while disinfecting hard surfaces and equipment.
 2. Body wastes and fluids should be removed as provided in D and a disinfectant applied to the affected surface.
 3. Mops should be soaked in the disinfectant after use and rinsed thoroughly or washed in a hot water cycle.
 4. Disposable cleaning equipment and water should be placed in a toilet or plastic bag as appropriate.
 5. Nondisposable cleaning equipment (such as dust pans and buckets) should be thoroughly rinsed in the disinfectant.



6. The disinfectant solution should be promptly discarded down a drain pipe.
7. Gloves should be discarded in appropriate receptacles.

H. Disposal of Sharps

“Sharps” are defined as any instrument used to inject fluids into or draw fluids out of humans. Included are the pricks used for tine tests and blood sampling.

1. The school nurse shall keep a log of all sharps used on a monthly basis. One copy of the log shall be maintained with the nurse’s files and one copy submitted to the School Business Administrator/Board Secretary. The nurse will provide the Superintendent with a photocopy.
2. All sharps shall be placed in a medical waste container that is:
 - rigid
 - leak resistant
 - impervious to moisture
 - have sufficient strength to prevent tearing or bursting under normal conditions of use and handling
 - puncture resistant
 - sealed to prevent leakage during transport
 - labeled

When the medical waste container is 75% full, the school nurse shall arrange, by work order, to have the container picked up. The words, “Medical Waste”, shall be clearly typed across the top of the work order form.

The school nurse will arrange for the contracted vendor to pick up the sharps container. The vendor will provide a completed transmittal form at the time of pick up. A copy of the transmittal form will be kept by the school nurse and a copy submitted to the Superintendent.

Adopted: 7 September 2010



R 7420.1 BLOODBORNE PATHOGEN EXPOSURE CONTROL PLAN

A. Definitions

1. "Bloodborne pathogens" means pathogenic microorganisms that are present in human blood and can cause disease in human beings, including but not limited to Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) and Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV).
2. "Exposure incident" means a specific eye, mouth, other mucous membranes, non-intact skin, or parenteral contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials that results from the performance of an employee's duties.
3. "Occupational exposure" means reasonably anticipated skin, eye, mucous membrane, or parenteral contact with blood or any other body fluid that may result from the performance of an employee's duties.
4. "Parenteral" means piercing mucous membranes or the skin barrier through such events as needle sticks, human bites, cuts, and abrasions.
5. "Source individual" means any individual, living or dead, whose blood or other potentially infectious materials may be a source of occupational exposure to the employee.

B. Exposure Determination

The employees in this school district who have occupational exposure are those employees whose duties require close contact with pupils and include the job classifications designated by the Superintendent.

C. Workplace Controls

1. Universal precautions shall be observed to prevent contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials. All body fluids shall be considered potentially infectious materials, whether or not the presence of bloodborne pathogens is determined and whether or not body fluid types can be differentiated.
2. All blood and body fluids shall be handled in accordance with Regulation No. R 7420, Handling and Disposal of Body Wastes and Fluids, which is incorporated herein as if set forth in its entirety.



D. Hepatitis B Vaccination

1. Hepatitis B vaccination shall be made available to each employee identified as having occupational exposure, after the employee has received training in bloodborne pathogens and within ten working days of his/her initial assignment, unless
 - a. The employee has previously received the complete hepatitis B vaccination series,
 - b. Antibody testing has revealed that the employee is immune,
 - c. The vaccine is contraindicated for medical reasons, or
 - d. The employee declines to receive the vaccine and signs the required statement to that effect, except than an employee who has declined to receive the vaccine and later decides to receive it shall be again offered the vaccine.
2. Hepatitis vaccination shall be made available without cost to employees, at a reasonable time and place, under the supervision of a licensed physician or other licensed healthcare professional, and in accordance with recommendations of the U.S. Public Health Service current at the time of the vaccination.
3. All laboratory tests shall be conducted by an accredited laboratory at no cost to the employee.

E. Post Exposure Evaluation and Follow-Up

Whenever an exposure incident is reported, the exposed employee shall be promptly offered a confidential medical evaluation and follow-up.

1. The route(s) of exposure and the circumstances under which exposure occurred shall be documented.
2. The identity of the source individual shall be documented, unless the Board establishes that identification is not feasible or is prohibited by state or federal law.



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3. Unless the identified source individual's infection with HBV or HIV infection is already known, the identified source individual's blood shall be tested for HBV and HIV infectivity, provided that the source individual has consented to the test for HBV and HIV infectivity or when consent is not required by the law. When the source individual is already known to be infected with HBV or HIV, testing for the source individual's known HBV or HIV status need not be repeated.
 4. The results of any blood testing of the source individual shall be made available to the exposed employee, and the employee shall be informed of all laws and regulations regarding disclosure of the identity and infectious status of the source individual.
 5. The exposed employee's blood shall be collected as soon as possible after the exposure and on the employee's consent for HBV and HIV serological status. The employee may withhold consent for HIV serological testing for up to ninety days, during which his/her blood sample shall be preserved.
 6. The exposed employee shall be offered post-exposure prophylaxis, when medically indicated, as recommended by the U.S. Public Health Service; counseling; and evaluation of any reported illnesses.
- F. Communication of Hazards to Employees
- Any container that holds blood or other potentially infectious material shall be conspicuously labeled with a sign that its contents are a biohazard, in accordance with federal regulations. 29 C.F.R. 1910.1030(g).
- G. Training Program
1. Employees with occupational exposure must participate in a training program, which shall be provided at no cost to the employee and during working hours.
 2. Employees shall receive training on their initial assignment to a position with occupational exposure within ninety days after the effective date of the exposure and annually thereafter. Employees shall also receive training whenever any modifications in the position affects exposure except that any such training may be limited to the new exposures created.
 3. Training materials shall be appropriate in content and vocabulary to the educational level, literacy, and language of employees.



4. The training program shall include as a minimum:
 - a. An accessible copy of the OSHA regulation on bloodborne pathogens, 29 C.F.R. 1910.1030, and an explanation of its contents,
 - b. A general explanation of the epidemiology and symptoms of bloodborne diseases,
 - c. An explanation of the modes of transmission of bloodborne pathogens,
 - d. An explanation of this Exposure Control Plan and the means by which the employee can obtain a copy of the plan,
 - e. An explanation of the appropriate methods for recognizing tasks and other activities that may involve exposure to blood and other potentially infectious materials,
 - f. An explanation of the use and limitations of methods that will prevent or reduce exposure, including work practices and personal protective equipment,
 - g. Information on the types, proper use, location, removal, handling, decontamination, and disposal of personal protective equipment,
 - h. An explanation of the basis for selection of personal protective equipment,
 - i. Information on the hepatitis B vaccine, including information on its efficacy, safety, method of administration, the benefits of vaccination, and the free availability of the vaccine and vaccination,
 - j. Information on the appropriate actions to take and persons to contact in an emergency involving blood or other potentially infectious materials,
 - k. An explanation of the procedure to be followed if an exposure incident occurs, including the method of reporting that incident and the medical follow-up that will be made available,
 - l. Information on the post-exposure evaluation and follow-up that the employer is required to provide after an exposure incident,
 - m. Information regarding the labeling of biohazardous materials, and



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n. An opportunity for interactive questions and answers with the person conducting the training session.

5. The person conducting the training shall be knowledgeable in the subject matter covered as is relates to the workplace that the training will address.

H. Recordkeeping

1. The district will establish and maintain an accurate medical record for each employee with occupational exposure in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1020. The record shall include:

- a. The name and social security number of the employee;
- b. A copy of the employee's hepatitis B vaccination status including the dates of all the hepatitis B vaccinations and any medical records relative to the employee's ability to receive vaccinations required by Section D. of this regulation;
- c. A copy of all results of examinations, medical testing, and follow-up procedures as required by Section E. of this Regulation;
- d. The district's copy of the healthcare professional's written opinion as required by 29 C.F.R. 1910.1030 (f)5;
- e. A copy of the information provided to the healthcare professional as required by 29 C.F.R. 1910.1030 (f)(4)ii(B)(C) and (D);
- f. The district shall ensure the employee's medical records required in Policy 7420 and this Regulation are kept confidential and are not disclosed or reported without the employee's express written consent to any person within or outside the workplace except as required by law; and
- g. The medical records required in this section must be maintained by the district for at least the duration of employment of the employee plus thirty years in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1020.

2. The district will maintain training records for three years from the date on which the training occurred. These records shall include:

- a. The dates and contents or summary of the training sessions; and



- b. The names and qualifications of persons conducting the training and the names and job titles of all persons attending the training sessions.
 3. The district will ensure the training records required by this section of the Regulation be made available to authorized State and federal agencies, employees, and employee representatives upon request. Employee medical records required by this section of the Regulation shall be provided upon request for examination and copying to the subject employee, to anyone having written consent of the subject employee, and to authorized State and federal agencies in a accordance with State and federal laws.
 4. The district shall comply with the requirements involving the transfer of records set forth in 29 CFR 1910.1020(h).
 5. The district shall establish and maintain a sharps injury log for the recording of percutaneous injuries from contaminated sharps. The information in the log shall be recorded and maintained in such a manner as to protect the confidentiality of the injured employee. The log shall contain, at a minimum: the type and brand of device involved in the incident; the department or work area where the exposure incident occurred; and an explanation of how the incident occurred. This log shall be maintained for the period required by 29 CFR 1904.6.
- I. District's Exposure Control Plan
1. The District's Exposure Control Plan shall be reviewed at least annually and whenever necessary to reflect new or modified tasks and procedures that affect occupational exposure and to reflect new or revised employee positions with occupational exposure. The review and update of the Plan shall also
 - a. Reflect changes in technology that eliminate or reduce exposure to bloodborne pathogens; and
 - b. Document annually consideration and implementation of appropriate, commercially-available, and effective safer medical devices designated to eliminate or minimize occupational exposure.



REGULATION

LAFAYETTE TOWNSHIP
SCHOOL

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Bloodborne Pathogen Exposure Control Plan

J. Staff Input

1. The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary and/or designee shall solicit input from non-managerial employees who are potentially exposed to injuries from contaminated sharps in the identification, evaluation, and selection of effective engineering and work practice controls and shall document this solicitation in the Exposure Control Plan.

Adopted: 7 September 2010



R 7420.2 CHEMICAL HYGIENE

A. Definitions

The following terms shall be defined as specified in 29 CFR 1910:

1. "Action level" means a concentration designated in 29 CFR part 1910 for a specific substance, calculated as an eight hour time-weighted average, which initiates certain required activities such as exposure monitoring and medical surveillance.
2. "Carcinogen" (see "select carcinogen").
3. "Chemical Hygiene Officer" means an employee who is designated by the employer, and who is qualified by training or experience, to provide technical guidance in the development and implementation of the provisions of the Chemical Hygiene Plan. This definition is not intended to place limitations on the position description or job classification that the designated individual shall hold within the employer's organizational structure.
4. "Chemical Hygiene Plan" means a written program developed and implemented by the employer which sets forth procedures, equipment, personal protective equipment and work practices that (i) are capable of protecting employees from the health hazards presented by hazardous chemicals used in that particular workplace and (ii) meets the requirements of a Chemical Hygiene Plan.
5. "Combustible liquid" means any liquid having a flashpoint at or above 100°F (37.8°C) but below 200°F (93.3°C), except any mixture having components with flashpoints of 200°F (93.3°C) or higher, the total volume of which make up 99 percent or more of the total volume of the mixture.
6. "Compressed gas" means:
 - a. A gas or mixture of gases having, in a container, an absolute pressure exceeding 40 psi at 70°F (21.1°C); or
 - b. A gas or mixture of gases having, in a container, an absolute pressure exceeding 104 psi at 130°F (54.4°C) regardless of the pressure at 70°F (21.1°C); or



- c. A liquid having a vapor pressure exceeding 40 psi at 100°F (37.8°C) as determined by ASTM D-323-72.
- 7. “Designated area” means an area which may be used for work with "select carcinogens," reproductive toxins or substances which have a high degree of acute toxicity. A designated area may be the entire laboratory, an area of a laboratory or a device such as a laboratory hood.
- 8. “Emergency” means any occurrence such as, but not limited to, equipment failure, rupture of containers or failure of control equipment which results in an uncontrolled release of a hazardous chemical into the workplace.
- 9. “Employee” means an individual employed in a laboratory workplace who may be exposed to hazardous chemicals in the course of his/her assignments.
- 10. “Explosive” means a chemical that causes a sudden, almost instantaneous release of pressure, gas, and heat when subjected to sudden shock, pressure, or high temperature.
- 11. “Flammable” means a chemical that falls into one of the following categories:
 - a. “Aerosol, flammable” means an aerosol that, when tested by the method described in 16 CFR 1500.45, yields a flame projection exceeding 18 inches at full valve opening, or a flashback (a flame extending back to the valve) at any degree of valve opening:
 - b. “Gas, flammable” means
 - (1) A gas that, at ambient temperature and pressure, forms a flammable mixture with air at a concentration of 13 percent by volume or less; or
 - (2) A gas that, at ambient temperature and pressure, forms a range of flammable mixtures with air wider than 12 percent by volume regardless of the lower limit.
 - c. “Liquid, flammable” means any liquid having a flashpoint below 100°F (37.8°C) except any mixture having components with flashpoints of 100°F (37.8°C) or higher, the total of which make up 99 percent or more of the total volume of the mixture.



- d. “Solid, flammable” means a solid, other than a blasting agent or explosive as defined in § 1910.109(a), that is liable to cause fire through friction, absorption of moisture, spontaneous chemical change, or retained heat from manufacturing or processing, or which can be ignited readily and when ignited burns so vigorously and persistently as to create a serious hazard. A chemical shall be considered to be a flammable solid if, when tested by the method described in 16 CFR 1500.44, it ignites and burns with a self-sustained flame at a rate greater than one-tenth of an inch per second along its major axis.
12. “Flashpoint” means the minimum temperature at which a liquid gives off a vapor in sufficient concentration to ignite when tested as follows:
- a. Tagliabue Closed Tester (See American National Standard Method of Test for Flash Point by Tagliabue Closed Tester, Z11.24-1979 (ASTM D 56-79)) for liquids with a viscosity of less than 45 Saybolt Universal Seconds (SUS) at 100°F (37.8°C) that do not contain suspended solids and do not have a tendency to form a surface film under test; or
 - b. Pensky-Martens Closed Tester (see American National Standard Method of Test for Flash Point by Pensky-Martens Closed Tester A11.7-1979 (ASTM D 93-79)) for liquids with a viscosity equal to or greater than 45 SUS at 100°F (37.8°C) or that contain suspended solids, or that have a tendency to form a surface film under test; or
 - c. Setaflash Closed Tester (see American National Standard Method of Test for Flash Point by Setaflash Closed Tester (ASTM D 3278-78)).

Organic peroxides, which undergo autoaccelerating thermal decomposition, are excluded from any of the flashpoint determination methods specified above.

13. “Hazardous chemical” means a chemical for which there is statistically significant evidence based on at least one study conducted in accordance with established scientific principles that acute or chronic health effects may occur in exposed employees. The term "health hazard" includes chemicals which are carcinogens, toxic or highly toxic agents, reproductive toxins, irritants, corrosives, sensitizers, hepatotoxins, nephrotoxins, neurotoxins, agents which act on the hematopoietic systems, and agents which damage the lungs, skin, eyes, or mucous membranes.



Appendices A and B of the Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) provide further guidance in defining the scope of health hazards and determining whether or not a chemical is to be considered hazardous for purposes of this standard.

14. "Laboratory" means a facility where the "laboratory use of hazardous chemicals" occurs. It is a workplace where relatively small quantities of hazardous chemicals are used on a non-production basis.
15. "Laboratory scale" means work with substances in which the containers used for reactions, transfers, and other handling of substances are designed to be easily and safely manipulated by one person. "Laboratory scale" excludes those workplaces whose function is to produce commercial quantities of materials.
16. "Laboratory-type hood" means a device located in a laboratory, enclosure on five sides with a movable sash or fixed partial enclosed on the remaining side; constructed and maintained to draw air from the laboratory and to prevent or minimize the escape of air contaminants into the laboratory; and allows chemical manipulations to be conducted in the enclosure without insertion of any portion of the employee's body other than hands and arms.

Walk-in hoods with adjustable sashes meet the above definition provided that the sashes are adjusted during use so that the airflow and the exhaust of air contaminants are not compromised and employees do not work inside the enclosure during the release of airborne hazardous chemicals.

17. "Laboratory use of hazardous chemicals" means handling or use of such chemicals in which all of the following conditions are met:
 - a. Chemical manipulations are carried out on a "laboratory scale";
 - b. Multiple chemical procedures or chemicals are used;
 - c. The procedures involved are not part of a production process, nor in any way simulate a production process; and
 - d. "Protective laboratory practices and equipment" are available and in common use to minimize the potential for employee exposure to hazardous chemicals.



18. "Medical consultation" means a consultation which takes place between an employee and a licensed physician for the purpose of determining what medical examinations or procedures, if any, are appropriate in cases where a significant exposure to a hazardous chemical may have taken place.
19. "Organic peroxide" means an organic compound that contains the bivalent -O-O- structure and which may be considered to be a structural derivative of hydrogen peroxide where one or both of the hydrogen atoms has been replaced by an organic radical.
20. "Oxidizer" means a chemical other than a blasting agent or explosive as defined in § 1910.109(a), that initiates or promotes combustion in other materials, thereby causing fire either of itself or through the release of oxygen or other gases.
21. "Physical hazard" means a chemical for which there is scientifically valid evidence that it is a combustible liquid, a compressed gas, explosive, flammable, an organic peroxide, an oxidizer, pyrophoric, unstable (reactive) or water-reactive.
22. "Protective laboratory practices and equipment" means those laboratory procedures, practices and equipment accepted by laboratory health and safety experts as effective, or that the employer can show to be effective, in minimizing the potential for employee exposure to hazardous chemicals.
23. "Reproductive toxins" means chemicals which affect the reproductive capabilities including chromosomal damage (mutations) and effects on fetuses (teratogenesis).
24. "Select carcinogen" means any substance which meets one of the following criteria:
 - a. It is regulated by OSHA as a carcinogen; or
 - b. It is listed under the category, "known to be carcinogens," in the Annual Report on Carcinogens published by the National Toxicology Program (NTP) (latest edition); or
 - c. It is listed under Group 1 ("carcinogenic to humans") by the International Agency for Research on Cancer Monographs (IARC) (latest editions); or



d. It is listed in either Group 2A or 2B by IARC or under the category, "reasonably anticipated to be carcinogens" by NTP, and causes statistically significant tumor incidence in experimental animals in accordance with any of the following criteria:

- (1) After inhalation exposure of 6-7 hours per day, 5 days per week, for a significant portion of a lifetime to dosages of less than 10 mg/m³;
- (2) After repeated skin application of less than 300 (mg/kg of body weight) per week; or
- (3) After oral dosages of less than 50 mg/kg of body weight per day.

25. "Unstable (reactive)" means a chemical which is in the pure state, or as produced or transported, will vigorously polymerize, decompose, condense, or will become self-reactive under conditions of shocks, pressure or temperature.

26. "Water-reactive" means a chemical that reacts with water to release a gas that is either flammable or presents a health hazard.

B. Employee Exposure

The Board shall provide for initial and periodic monitoring of any employees if there is reason to believe that exposure levels to an OSHA regulated substance will exceed permissible limits as specified in 29 CFR part 1910 subpart Z. Monitoring may only be terminated in accordance with the relevant standard. The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary will notify in writing affected employees within fifteen working days of the results of monitoring either individually or by posting the results in a location accessible to all employees.

C. Chemical Hygiene Plan

1. The Superintendent shall cause the development of a Chemical Hygiene Plan by the School Business Administrator/Board Secretary which shall include at least the following elements and indicate specific measures the Board will take to ensure employee protection:

- a. Standard operating procedures relevant to safety and health considerations to be followed when laboratory work involves the use of hazardous chemicals;



- b. Criteria that the employer will use to determine and implement control measures to reduce employee exposure to hazardous chemicals including engineering controls, the use of personal protective equipment and hygiene practices; particular attention shall be given to the selection of control measures for chemicals that are known to be extremely hazardous;
 - c. A requirement that fume hoods and other protective equipment are functioning properly and specific measures that shall be taken to ensure proper and adequate performance of such equipment;
 - d. Provisions for employees information and training as prescribed by 29 CFR Part 1910;
 - e. The circumstances under which a particular laboratory operation, procedure or activity shall require prior approval from the employer or the employer's designee before implementation;
 - f. Provisions for medical consultation and medical examinations in accordance with 29 CFR Part 1910;
 - g. Designation of personnel responsible for implementation of the Chemical Hygiene Plan including the assignment of a Chemical Hygiene Officer and, if appropriate, establishment of a Chemical Hygiene Committee; and
 - h. Provisions for additional employee protection for work with particularly hazardous substances. These include "select carcinogens", reproductive toxins and substances which have a high degree of acute toxicity. Specific consideration shall be given to the following provisions which shall be included where appropriate:
 - (1) Establishment of a designated area;
 - (2) Use of containment devices such as fume hoods or glove boxes;
 - (3) Procedures for safe removal of contaminated waste; and
 - (4) Decontamination procedures.
2. The plan shall be capable of protecting employees from health hazards associated with hazardous chemicals in laboratories and keeping exposure below specified limits.



D. Employee Information and Training

The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary shall provide employees with information and training to ensure that they are apprised of the hazards of chemicals present in their work area. The information shall be provided at the time of the employees initial assignment to the work area and whenever new exposure situations arise. Refresher information shall be provided as the situation with regard to hazardous chemicals changes. Employees shall be informed of (1) the contents of federal standards relating to hazardous chemicals; (2) the location and availability of the chemical hygiene plan; (3) the permissible exposure limits as established by OSHA; (4) signs and symptoms associated with exposure to hazardous chemicals used in the laboratory and (5) the location and availability of known references on the hazards, safe handling, storage and disposal of hazardous chemicals.

Employee training shall include (1) methods and observations used to detect the presence or release of hazardous chemicals; (2) the physical and health hazards of chemicals in the work area; (3) the measures employees can use to protect themselves, including specific procedures the Board has implemented to protect employees; (4) training on the applicable details of the Board's Chemical Hygiene Plan.

E. Medical Consultation

The Board will provide all employees who work with hazardous chemicals an opportunity to receive medical attention, including follow-up examinations the physician deems necessary under the following circumstances:

1. Whenever an employee develops signs or symptoms associated with a hazardous chemical to which the employee may have been exposed in the laboratory, the employee shall be provided an opportunity to receive an appropriate medical examination.
2. Where exposure monitoring reveals an exposure level routinely above the action level (or in the absence of an action level, the PEL) for an OSHA regulated substance for which there are exposure monitoring and medical surveillance requirements, medical surveillance shall be established for the affected employee as prescribed by the particular standard.



3. Whenever an event takes place in the work area such as a spill, leak, explosion or other occurrence resulting in the likelihood of a hazardous exposure, the affected employee shall be provided an opportunity for a medical consultation. Such consultation shall be for the purpose of determining the need for a medical examination.

F. Information Provided to the Physician

The employer shall provide the following information to the physician:

1. The identity of the hazardous chemicals(s) to which the employee may have been exposed;
2. A description of the conditions under which the exposure occurred including quantitative exposure data, if available; and
3. A description of the signs and symptoms of exposure that the employee is experiencing, if any.

G. Physician's Written Opinion Shall Include:

1. Any recommendation for further medical follow-up;
2. The results of the medical examination and any associated tests;
3. Any medical condition which may be revealed in the course of the examination which may place the employee at increased risk as a result of exposure to a hazardous chemical found in the workplace; and
4. A statement that the employee has been informed by the physician of the results of the consultation or medical examination and any medical condition that may require further examination or treatment.

H. Hazard Identification

With respect to labels and material data sheets, the Board shall (1) ensure that labels on incoming containers of hazardous materials are not removed or defaced; (2) maintain material safety data sheets and ensure they are available to employees, and (3) comply with federal regulations with regard to chemical substances produced within the laboratory, assuming that if a substance is produced whose composition is not known that it will be assumed it is hazardous.



REGULATION

I. Use of Respirators

Where respirators are required to maintain exposure below permissible limits, they will be provided to the employee at no cost and will comply with the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.134.

J. Recordkeeping

The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary shall establish and maintain for each employee exposed to hazardous chemicals an accurate record of any measurements taken to monitor employee exposures and any medical consultation and examinations including tests or written opinions required by federal standards. The Board shall assure that records are kept, transferred and made available in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1020.

Adopted: 7 September 2010



R 7421 INDOOR AIR QUALITY STANDARDS

A. Definitions

1. “Air contaminants” - refers to substances contained in vapors from paint, cleaning chemicals, pesticides, solvents, particles, outdoor air pollutants and other airborne substances which together may cause material impairment to employees working within the enclosed workplace.
2. “Building related illnesses” - describes specific medical conditions of known etiology which can be documented by physical signs and laboratory findings. Such illnesses include sensory irritations when caused by known agents, respiratory allergies, asthma, nosocomial infections, humidifier fever, Legionnaires’ Disease, and the signs and symptoms characteristic of exposure to chemical or biologic substances such as carbon monoxide, formaldehyde, pesticides, endotoxins, or mycotoxins.
3. “Building systems” - include the heating, ventilating and air-conditioning (HVAC) system, the energy management system and all other systems in a facility which may impact indoor air quality.
4. “Department” - Department of Health and Senior Services
5. “Designated person” - a person who is designated by the administration to take necessary measures to assure compliance with indoor air quality standards.
6. “HVAC system” - means the collective components of the heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems including, but not limited to, filters and frames, cooling coil condensate drip pans and drainage piping, outside air dampers and actuators, humidifiers, air distribution ductwork, automatic temperature controls, and cooling towers.
7. “HVAC System Commissioning Report” - means a document normally prepared by an architect or engineer that provides verification that the HVAC system is operating in conformity with the design intent.
8. “Office Building” - means a building in which administrative and/or clerical activities are conducted. Examples of facilities and/or operations which are not office buildings include schools, repair shops, garages and print shops.



9. “Renovations and remodeling” - means building modification involving activities that include, but are not limited to; removal or replacement of walls, roofing, ceilings, floors, carpet and components such as moldings cabinets, doors, and windows; paintings; decorating; demolition; surface refinishing; and removal or cleaning of ventilating ducts.

B. Compliance Program

The Superintendent will designate the Coordinator of Buildings and Grounds who is given the responsibility to assure compliance with indoor air quality standards. The designated person will assure that at least the following actions are limited and documented:

1. Establishing and following a preventative maintenance schedule for heating, ventilating and air conditioning (HVAC) systems that are in accordance with manufacturer’s recommendations or with accepted practice for the HVAC system.
2. Implementing the use of general and local exhaust ventilation where housekeeping and maintenance activities involve the use of equipment or products that could reasonably be expected to result in hazardous chemicals or particulate exposure above the Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL).
3. When the carbon dioxide level exceeds 1,000 parts per million (ppm), the designated person will check to make sure the HVAC system is operating properly. If it is not, the designated person will take necessary steps as outlined in 1. above.
4. Check to make sure HVAC systems are working properly when the building temperatures are outside of the range of 68 to 79 degrees Fahrenheit. If it is not, the designated person will take necessary steps as outlined in 1. above.
5. If contamination of the make-up air supply is identified and documented, then the make-up inlets and/or exhaust outlets shall be re-located or the source of the contamination eliminated. Sources of make-up air contamination may include contaminants from sources such as cooling towers, sanitary vents, vehicular exhausts from parking garages, loading docks and street traffic.
6. Assure that buildings without mechanical ventilation have operable windows, doors, vents, stacks and other portals designated or used for natural ventilation are operational.



7. Promptly investigate all employee complaints of signs or symptoms that may be associated with building-related illnesses.
- C. Air Quality During Renovation and Remodeling
1. Renovation work and/or new construction that results in the diffusion of dust, stone and other small particles, toxic gases or other harmful substances in quantities hazardous to health will be safeguarded by means of local ventilation or other protective devices to ensure the safety of employees. Renovation areas in the occupied building shall be isolated and dust and debris shall be confined to the renovation or construction area.
 2. Before use of paints, adhesives, sealants, solvents, or installation of insulation, particle board, plywood, floor coverings, carpet backing, textiles, or other materials in the course of renovation or construction, the designated person will check product labels or seek and obtain information from the manufacturers of those products on whether or not they contain volatile organic compounds such as solvents, formaldehyde or isocyanates that could be emitted during regular use. This information shall be used to select products and to determine necessary measures to be taken to comply with indoor air quality standards.
 3. The designated person will notify employees at least twenty-four hours in advance, or promptly in emergency situations of work to be performed on the building that may induce air contaminants into their work area.
- D. Recordkeeping
1. The maintenance schedule shall be updated by the designated person to show all maintenance performed on the building systems. The schedule shall include the date such maintenance was performed and the name of the person or company performing the work.
 2. The records required to be maintained by this section shall be retained for at least three years and be available on request to employees and employee representatives and Department representatives for examination and copying.
- E. Response To A Signed Complaint From The Department
1. Within ten working days of receipt of the complaint notification from the Department, the designated person will respond in writing to the Department. The response may include any combination of the following:



- a. A statement that the complaint is unfounded;
 - b. A description of any remedial action already taken;
 - c. An outline of any remedial measures planned but not yet taken, with a timeline for completion; and/or
 - d. A statement that a study of the problem, with a timetable for completion of the study, has been initiated.
 2. Where remedial measures are planned or a study initiated, they shall be completed as soon as feasible. The designated person will submit, to the Department, a written report describing the remedial measures implemented and/or a copy of the study's report within fifteen working days of completion.
 3. Permits for remedial work shall be obtained as required by N.J.A.C. 5:23 (the New Jersey Uniform Construction Code). All work requiring a permit shall be performed in compliance with N.J.A.C. 5:23.
- F. In response to an employee complaint to the Department, the designated person will provide any of the following documents, if available, and requested by the Department:
1. As-built construction documents;
 2. HVAC system commissioning reports;
 3. HVAC systems testing, adjusting and balancing reports;
 4. Operations and maintenance manuals;
 5. Water treatment logs; and
 6. Operator training materials.

Issued: 7 September 2010



R 7422 SCHOOL INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT PLAN

A. Definitions

1. “Commissioner” means the Commissioner of Environmental Protection.
2. “Department” means the Department of Environmental Protection.
3. “Integrated Pest Management Coordinator” or “coordinator” means an individual who is knowledgeable about integrated pest management systems and has been designated by the Board, as the Integrated Pest Management Coordinator (IPMC) pursuant to the New Jersey School Integrated Pest Management Act. The IPMC is authorized to perform the statutory IPM responsibilities of the Board of Education.
4. “Low Impact Pesticide” means any pesticide or pesticidal active ingredient alone, or in combination with inert ingredients, that the United States Environmental Protection Agency has determined is not of a character necessary to be regulated pursuant to the “Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act,” 7 U.S.C. s.136 et seq. and that has been exempted from the registration and reporting requirements adopted pursuant to that act; any gel; paste; bait; antimicrobial agent such as a disinfectant used as a cleaning product; boric acid; disodium octoborate tetrahydrate; silica gels; diatomaceous earth; microbe-based insecticides such as bacillus thuringiensis; botanical insecticides, not including synthetic pyrethroids, without toxic synergists; and biological, living control agents.
5. “Pesticide” means any substance or mixture of substances labeled, designed, intended for or capable of use in preventing, destroying, repelling, sterilizing or mitigating any insects, rodents, nematodes, predatory animals, fungi, weeds and other forms of plant or animal life or viruses, except viruses on or in living man or other animals. “Pesticide” shall also include any substance or mixture of substances labeled, designed or intended for use as a defoliant, desiccant or plant regulator.
6. “Plan” means the school district’s goals regarding the management of pests and the use of pesticides on all school property. The plan shall be developed in accordance with the requirements of N.J.S.A. 13:1f-19 through 33.
7. “School” means any public or private school as defined in N.J.S.A. 18A:1-1.



8. “School Integrated Pest Management Policy” means a managed pest control policy that eliminates or mitigates economic, health, and aesthetic damage caused by pests in school; that delivers effective pest management, reduces the volume of pesticides used to minimize the potential hazards posed by pesticides to human health and the environment in school; that uses integrated methods, site or pest inspections, pest population monitoring, an evaluation of the need for pest control, and one or more pest control methods, including sanitation, structural repair, mechanical and biological controls, other non-chemical methods, and when non-chemical options are ineffective or unreasonable, allows the use of a pesticide, with a preference toward first considering the use of a low impact pesticide for the school.
 9. “School pest emergency” means an urgent need to mitigate or eliminate a pest that threatens the health or safety of a pupil or staff member.
 10. “School property” means any area inside and outside of the school building controlled, managed, or owned by the school district.
 11. “Staff member” means an employee of the school district, including administrators, teachers, and other persons regularly employed by the school district, but shall not include an employee hired by the school district or the State to apply a pesticide or a person assisting in the application of a pesticide.
 12. “Universal notification” means notice provided by the school district to all parents or legal guardians of children attending a school, and staff members of the school district.
- B. Integrated Pest Management Coordinator (IPMC)

The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary and Coordinator of Buildings and Grounds shall be designated the Integrated Pest Management Coordinators (IPMC) of the school district. The Integrated Pest Management Coordinators (IPMC) shall:

1. Maintain information about the school, the school district’s Integrated Pest Management Policy, and about pesticide applications on the school property of the school;
2. Act as a contact for inquiries about the School Integrated Pest Management Policy; and



3. Maintain material safety data sheets, when available, and labels for all pesticides that are used on the school property or in the school.
- C. Maintenance of Records of Pesticide Application; Notices of Policy

The IPMC shall request from the pesticide applicator and shall maintain records of pesticide applications used on school property or for the school for three years after the application, and for five years after the application of a pesticide designed to control termites, and on request, shall make the data available to the public for review.

A notice of the school district's Integrated Pest Management Policy shall be included in school calendars or another form of universal notification to pupils and parent(s) or legal guardian(s). The notice shall include:

1. The school district's Integrated Pest Management Policy;
2. A list of any pesticide that is in use or that has been used in the last twelve months on school district property;
3. The name, address, and telephone number of the Integrated Pest Management Coordinator of (IPMC) of the school district;
4. A statement that:
 - a. The IPMC maintains the product label and material safety data sheet, when available, of each pesticide that may be used on school property;
 - b. The label and data sheet is available for review by a parent, legal guardian, staff member, or pupil attending the school; and
 - c. The Integrated Pest Management Coordinator (IPMC) is available to parents, legal guardians, and staff members for information and comment.
5. The time and place of any Board meetings that will be held to adopt the School Integrated Pest Management Policy; and



6. The following statement:

“As part of a school pest management plan, the School District may use pesticides to control pests. The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) register pesticides to determine that the use of a pesticide in accordance with instructions printed on the label does not pose an unreasonable risk to human health and the environment. Nevertheless, the EPA and DEP cannot guarantee that registered pesticides do not pose any risk to human health, thus unnecessary exposure to pesticides should be avoided. The EPA has issued the statement that where possible, persons who are potentially sensitive, such as pregnant women, infants and children, should avoid unnecessary pesticide exposure.”

After the beginning of each school year, the IPMC, in conjunction with the Building Principal(s), shall provide this notice to each new staff member who is employed during the school year and to the parent(s) or legal guardian(s) of each new pupil enrolled during the school year.

D. Permitted Use of Certain Pesticides; Notice

If it is determined that a pesticide, other than a low impact pesticide, must be used on school property, the pesticide may be used only in accordance with the requirements of N.J.S.A. 13:1F-25.

1. The Principal, upon prior notice from the IPMC, shall provide notice to a parent or legal guardian of each pupil enrolled at the school and each staff member of the school, at least seventy-two hours before a pesticide, other than a low impact pesticide, is used on school property. The notice shall include:
 - a. The common name, trade name, and federal Environmental Protection Agency registration number of the pesticide;
 - b. A description of the location of the application of the pesticide;
 - c. The date and time of application, except that, in the case of outdoor pesticide applications, one notice shall include three dates, in chronological order, on which the outdoor pesticide applications may take place if the preceding date is cancelled;



- d. A statement that the Office of Pesticide Programs of the United States Environmental Protection Agency has stated: “Where possible, persons who potentially are sensitive, such as pregnant women, infants, and children, should avoid any unnecessary pesticide exposure”;
 - e. A description of potential adverse effects of the pesticide based on the material safety data sheet, if available, for the pesticide;
 - f. A description of the reasons for the application of the pesticide;
 - g. The name and telephone number of the school district’s IPMC; and
 - h. Any additional label instruction and precautions related to public safety.
2. The notice required by D.1. above may be provided by:
- a. Written notice sent home with the pupil and provided to each staff member;
 - b. A telephone call;
 - c. Direct contact;
 - d. Written notice mailed at least one week before the application; or
 - e. Electronic mail.
3. If the date of the application of the pesticide must be extended beyond the period required for notice under this section, the Board shall reissue the notice required under D.1. above for the new date of application.
- E. Posting of Sign Prior to Use of Certain Pesticides

At least seventy-two hours before a pesticide, other than a low impact pesticide, is used on school property, the IPMC shall post a sign that provides notice of the application of the pesticide in a prominent place that is in or adjacent to the location to be treated and at each entrance to the building or school ground to be treated.

A sign required for the application of a pesticide shall:

- 1. Remain posted for at least seventy-two hours after the end of the treatment;



2. Be at least 8½ inches by 11 inches; and
3. State the same information as that required for prior notification of the pesticide application pursuant to Section D.1. of this Regulation.

In the case of outdoor pesticide applications, each sign shall include three dates, in chronological order, on which the outdoor pesticide application may take place if the preceding date is canceled due to weather. A sign shall be posted after an outdoor pesticide application in accordance with 1, 2 and 3 above.

The requirement imposed pursuant to this section shall be in addition to any requirements imposed pursuant to the “Pesticide Control Act of 1971,” P.L. 1971, c.176 (C.13:1F-1 et seq.), and any rules or regulations adopted pursuant thereto.

F. Applicability of Notice and Posting Requirements

The provisions of Sections D and E of this Regulation shall apply if any person applies a pesticide, other than a low impact pesticide, on school property, including a custodian, staff member, or commercial applicator. These provisions shall apply to a school during the school year, and during holidays and the summer months, only if the school is in use by children during those periods. During those periods, notices shall be provided to all staff members and the parents or legal guardians of the pupils that are using the school in an authorized manner.

G. Emergency Use of Certain Pesticides

A pesticide, other than a low impact pesticide, may be applied on school property in response to an emergency, without complying with the provisions of Sections D and E of this Regulation, provided the following requirements are met:

1. The Building Principal shall, upon prior notice from the IPMC and within twenty-four hours after the application or on the morning of the next school day, provide to each parent or legal guardian of pupils enrolled at the school, and staff members of the school, notice of the application of the pesticide for emergency pest control that includes:
 - a. The information required for a notice under Section D of this Regulation;
 - b. A description of the problem and the factors that qualified the problem as an emergency that threatened the health or safety of a pupil or staff member; and



- c. If necessary, a description of the steps that will be taken in the future to avoid emergency application of a pesticide pursuant to this section.

The district may provide notice required in G.1. above by:

1. Written notice sent home with the pupil and provided to the staff members;
2. A telephone call;
3. Direct contact; or
4. Electronic mail.

When a pesticide is applied pursuant to this section, the IPMC shall post a sign warning of the pesticide application at the time of the application of the pesticide in accordance with the provisions of Section E of this Regulation.

If there is an application of a pesticide pursuant to this section, the IPMC shall modify the School Integrated Pest Management Plan of the school district if necessary, to minimize the future emergency applications of pesticides under this section.

A pesticide, other than a low impact pesticide, shall not be applied on school property where pupils are expected to be present for academic instruction or for organized extra-curricular activities prior to the time prescribed for re-entry to the application site by the United States Environmental Protection Agency on the pesticide label, except that if no specific numerical re-entry time is prescribed on a pesticide label, such a pesticide, other than a low impact pesticide, shall not be applied on school property where pupils are expected to be present for academic instruction or for organized extra-curricular activities within seven hours of the application.

A pesticide, other than a low impact pesticide, shall not be applied in a school building when pupils are present. Pupils may not be present in an untreated portion of a school building being treated unless the area being treated with a pesticide, other than a low impact pesticide, is served by a separate ventilation system and is separated from the untreated area by smoke or fire doors.

A low impact pesticide may be applied in areas of a school building where pupils will not contact treated areas until sufficient time is allowed for the substance to dry or settle, or after the period of time prescribed for re-entry or for ventilation requirements on the pesticide label has elapsed.



The requirements of this section shall not apply when pesticides are applied on school property for pupil instructional purposes or by public health officials during the normal course of their duties.

H. Immunity From Liability of Commercial Pesticide Applicator

A commercial pesticide applicator shall not be liable to any person for damages resulting from the application of a pesticide at a school if the damages are solely due to the failure of the IPMC to provide the notice required prior to the application of a pesticide pursuant to the provisions of sections 7, 8, 9, or 10 of P.L. 2002, c.117 (C.13:1F-25, C.13:1F-26, C.13:1F-27 or C.13:1F-28).

I. Development, Availability of Form for Certifying Compliance

The Department of Environmental Protection shall develop and make available to commercial pesticide applicators a form that a commercial pesticide applicator may request an Integrated Pest Management Coordinator (IPMC) to sign prior to the application of a pesticide, other than a low impact pesticide, on school property. The form developed pursuant to this section shall set forth a certification by the Integrated Pest Management Coordinator (IPMC) that the notice and posting requirements for the application of a pesticide established pursuant to Sections D and E of this Regulation, or the posting requirement established pursuant to Section G of this Regulation, as appropriate, have met compliance requirements. Upon being presented by a commercial pesticide applicator with a form pursuant to this section, the signature of the Integrated Pest Management Coordinator (IPMC) shall be required as a condition for the application of the pesticide.

The Department of Environmental Protection may issue an administrative order against a local school Board that fails to adopt and implement a pesticide use and school Integrated Pest Management Policy in compliance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 13:1F-32.

The Commissioner shall adopt, pursuant to the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), such rules or regulations as are necessary to implement the provisions of the School Integrated Pest Management Act.

Issued: 7 September 2010



R 7424 BED BUGS

The following procedures are established in implementation of Policy 7424 – Bed Bugs.

A. Observation of Possible Bed Bug Bites or Bed Bugs on a Student

1. A staff member who observes what he/she believes may be bed bug bites on a student or bed bugs on the student or in or on the student's possessions shall send the student to the school nurse.
2. The school nurse shall examine the student to determine if the student has bed bug bites or if there are any bed bugs present on the student or in or on the student's possessions.
3. If the school nurse determines the student does not have bed bug bites or bed bugs on them or in or on their possessions, the student will be returned to resume their school day.

B. Confirmation of Bed Bug Bites or Bed Bugs on a Student

1. If the school nurse believes the student has bed bug bites or finds bed bugs on the student or in or on the student's possessions, the school nurse will contact the Principal or designee.
2. The Principal or designee will arrange for a licensed pest management professional to complete an inspection of the student's classroom(s) to determine if bed bugs are present.
3. If a licensed pest management professional cannot complete an inspection within twenty-four hours of the request from the school district, the district custodial staff will vacuum the student's classroom(s) with a vacuum cleaner using a new vacuum cleaner bag.
4. When vacuuming is completed by district custodial staff, the staff member shall seal the bag and discard it in a receptacle outside the school building. If the vacuum does not have a bag, the contents of the vacuum



shall be emptied into a secure plastic bag, sealed, and discarded into a receptacle outside the school building. The vacuum will also be treated.

5. The Principal shall determine if the classroom(s) should be occupied by staff and students until the inspection by a licensed pest management professional is conducted.

C. Inspection by Licensed Pest Management Professional

1. If an inspection by the licensed pest management professional determines bed bugs are not present in the classroom(s) inspected, the school program shall resume use of the classroom(s) if the Principal previously decided the classroom(s) should not be occupied by staff or students.
2. If an inspection by the licensed pest management professional determines bed bugs are in the classroom(s), the area(s) will be treated by a licensed pest management professional. Any treatment shall be in accordance with the provisions of the New Jersey Pest Management Act, the district's Pest Management Plan, and any other applicable law.

D. Communication with Student's Parent

1. The school nurse will contact the student's parent on the results of the examination.
2. A parent of a student who is believed to have a live bed bug(s) on them or in or on their possessions will be required to arrange for their child to be picked-up from school to return home to change clothes and for the parent to inspect any possessions the student brings to school. The nurse may provide the parent with information regarding bed bugs.
 - a. Upon the student's return to school after being sent home to change clothes and an inspection of their possessions they bring to school, the student will be required to report to the school nurse who will examine the child and the child's possessions before the child can resume the school day.



- (1) If there are no signs of bed bugs on the student or in or on the student's possessions upon being examined by the school nurse after the child returns to school, the student will be able to resume their school day.
 - b. The school nurse may examine the student and the student's possessions subsequent to their initial return to school to ensure the student and possessions are free of bed bugs.
 - (1) In the event the nurse finds live bed bugs on the student or in or on the student's possession after the student's initial return to school or upon any subsequent examination by the school nurse, the school nurse will contact the parent and require the parent to pick-up the student from school.
 3. A parent of a student who is believed to have bed bug bites, but no evidence of bed bugs on them or in or on their possessions, will be informed of such results and the student may be required to be examined by the school nurse subsequent to the initial examination to ensure bed bugs are not on the student or in or on their possessions they bring to school.
- E. School Communications
1. The Principal, in consultation with the school nurse, will determine if the parents of other students should be informed if bed bugs are found in an area of the school. This determination will be made on a case-by-case basis.
 - a. Parents of other students need not be informed if bed bugs are found on a student or in or on the student's possessions, and are not found in the school building.
- F. Compliance with Applicable Laws



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Bed Bugs

1. The Principal or designee will ensure the school district complies with all notification requirements and any other legal requirements, including the New Jersey Pest Management Act, the district's Pest Management Plan, and any other applicable law.

Issued: 4/25/18



R 7430 SCHOOL SAFETY

Guidelines for Dealing with Accident/Injury

1. The school nurse or another trained person shall be responsible for administering first aid.
2. In all cases where the nature of an injury appears in any way serious, every effort shall be made to contact the parent(s) or legal guardian(s) and/or family physician immediately.
3. Parent(s) or legal guardian(s) shall be requested to pick up the pupil. If a parent(s) or legal guardian(s) is unable to provide such transportation, no pupil who is injured shall be sent home alone. A pupil who is injured may be taken home if a responsible person is there to receive that pupil.
4. In extreme emergencies, the school nurse, school doctor or Principal may make arrangements for immediate hospitalization of injured pupils. Parent(s) or legal guardian(s) should be contacted as soon as possible.
5. The teacher or other staff member who is responsible for a pupil at the time an accident occurs shall make out a report within twenty-four hours, providing details about the accident. This shall be required for every accident whether first aid is necessary or not.
6. Any injuries or accidents to pupils shall be reported as soon as possible to the Superintendent.

Emergency Medical Procedures for Sports/Athletics

The Board of Education recognizes its responsibility for pupil safety in all aspects of sports and athletic events, both intramural and interscholastic. Emergency medical procedures are to be developed at the school with an athletic program to ensure delivery of appropriate emergency medical services for all practice sessions, competitive contests, games, events, or exhibitions with individual pupils or teams of the school whether among themselves or with pupils of other districts.

These emergency medical procedures shall be disseminated to appropriate personnel within the district.

Adopted: 7 September 2010



R 7432 EYE PROTECTION PRACTICES

A. Eye Protection Devices

1. The following types of eye protective devices must be worn by all pupils, staff members, and visitors (including persons attending evening adult school programs) participating in the activity or process designated wherever it may occur on school premises:

<u>Potential eye hazard</u>	<u>Protective devices</u>
Caustic or explosive	Goggle, flexible fitting materials, hooded ventilation; add plastic window face shield for severe exposure
Dust producing operations	Goggle, flexible fitting, hooded ventilation
Electric arc welding	Welding helmet in combination with spectacles with eye cup or semi- or flat-fold side shields
Oxy-acetylene welding	Welding goggle, eye cup type with tinted lenses; welding goggle, coverspec type with tinted lenses or tinted plate lens
Hot liquids and gases	Goggle, flexible fitting, hood ventilation; add plastic window face shield for severe exposure
Hot solids	Clear or tinted goggles or spectacles with side shields
Molten materials	Clear or tinted goggles and plastic or mesh window face shield
Heat treatment or tempering	Clear or tinted goggles or clear or tinted spectacles with side shields



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<u>Potential eye hazard</u>	<u>Protective devices</u>
Glare operations	Tinted goggles; tinted spectacles with side shields or welding goggles, eye cup or coverage type with tinted lenses or plate lens
Shaping solid materials	Clear goggles, flexible or rigid body spectacles with side shields; add plastic window face shield for severe exposure
Laser device operation or experimentation	Appropriate for specific hazard
Repair or servicing of vehicles	Clear goggles, flexible or rigid body; clear spectacles with side shields
Other potentially hazardous processes or activities	Appropriate for specific hazard

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2. The supplier of any eye protective device to this district shall certify in writing that the device meets or exceeds ANSI standards. All spectacle type eye protective devices shall have side shields of the eye cup, semi-, or flat-fold type.
3. Staff members shall regularly and frequently inspect the eye protective devices used in their classes and shall report to the Principal devices that are defective or poorly fitting. All eye protective devices shall be identified with the name(s) of the user(s) and shall be properly stored when not in use.
4. An eye protective device that is shared shall be disinfected between uses by a method prescribed by the local school medical inspector.
5. The use of contact lenses shall be restricted in learning environments which entail exposure to chemical fumes, vapors or splashes, intense heat, molten metals, or highly particulate atmospheres. Staff members in these learning environments shall identify the pupils in his/her class who wear contact lenses. A list of such pupils shall be kept by the staff member in order that appropriate emergency eye care may be given; the list shall be destroyed at the end of the course of study.



When permitted, contact lenses may be worn only in conjunction with appropriate eye protective devices. The contact lens wearer shall be identified for appropriate emergency eye care in hazardous learning environments.

6. A pupil who wears prescription glasses shall be provided with an appropriate eye protective device that fits over his/her glasses. A pupil or staff member may wear his/her personal corrective eye wear in the course of an activity hazardous to the eyes provided that the eye wear has been certified in writing by a licensed optician to meet or exceed ANSI standards as defined in N.J.A.C. 6:29-1.7(b)1 and 2 for the appropriate eye protective device required.
7. The responsible staff member will provide each visitor to an area in which an activity hazardous to eyes is conducted with an appropriate eye protective device.

B. Eye Wash Fountains

1. Eye wash fountains or similar devices, capable of a minimum of fifteen minutes of continuous flow of eye wash solution shall be provided in accordance with Policy No. 7432 and the standards of the State Department of Education and N.J.A.C. 6:29-1.7(d).
2. Eye wash fountains shall be routinely checked by the responsible staff member and any fountain that does not operate properly shall be promptly reported to the Principal.

C. Enforcement

1. Staff members shall not permit pupils to engage in an activity potentially hazardous to the eyes without appropriate eye protection and shall dismiss from the class period a pupil who refuses or persistently neglects to wear eye protection or to observe established eye protection practices. Any such dismissed pupil shall be reported absent for the class.
2. Staff members shall report to the Building Principal a visitor who refuses or persistently neglects to wear eye protection or observe established eye protection practices.



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Eye Protection Practices

3. The Principal shall annually inspect the school premises for the existence of conditions potentially hazardous to the eyes, for the placement of signs requiring appropriate eye protective devices, and for an adequate supply of appropriate eye protective devices in satisfactory condition. Conditions potentially hazardous to the eyes include, in addition to the activities listed in paragraph A1 above, the likelihood of flying objects and spilled liquids and the presence of protruding and sharp objects.
- D. Training and Supplies
- The school district shall provide annual training and appropriate supplies and equipment to all school personnel responsible for implementing the eye safety policies and program. The training shall include all aspects of eye protection as defined in this regulation.

Issued: 7 September 2010



R 7440 SCHOOL DISTRICT SECURITY

A. Definitions

“Access” means authorized access to a school building or school grounds through the use of a Board-approved key control system.

“Key control system” means the use of a key, card, code, or any other means to disengage a locking mechanism to provide entry to a school building or school grounds.

“Panic alarm” means a silent security system signal generated by the manual activation of a device intended to signal a life-threatening or emergency situation requiring a response from law enforcement.

“School buildings” and “school grounds” means and includes land, portions of land, structures, buildings, and vehicles, when used for the provision of academic or extracurricular programs sponsored by the school district or community provider and structures that support these buildings, such as school district wastewater treatment facilities, generating facilities, and other central service facilities including, but not limited to, kitchens and maintenance shops. “School buildings” and “school grounds” also includes athletic stadiums; swimming pools; any associated structures or related equipment tied to such facilities including, but not limited to, grandstands; night field lights; greenhouses; garages; facilities used for non-instructional or non-educational purposes; and any structure, building, or facility used solely for school administration. “School buildings” and “school grounds” also includes other facilities such as playgrounds; and other recreational places owned by local municipalities, private entities, or other individuals during those times when the school district has exclusive use of a portion of such land in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:16-1.3 and 6A:26-1.2.

B. Access to School Buildings and School Grounds



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School Security

1. Access to school buildings and grounds during the school day will be permitted to all students enrolled in the school, all authorized school staff members, and visitors pursuant to Policy and Regulation 9150.
2. Access to school buildings and grounds before and after the school day will be permitted to:
 - a. Members of the Board of Education;
 - b. Administrative and supervisory staff members, teaching staff members, and support staff members assigned to a school building or grounds in the performance of their duties;
 - c. Other school staff members in the performance of their professional responsibilities;
 - d. Students involved in interscholastic athletics, co-curricular or extra-curricular activities, and authorized spectators;
 - e. Members of organizations granted the use of school premises pursuant to Policy and Regulation 7510;
 - f. Police officers, fire fighters, health inspectors, and other agents of Federal, State, and local government in the performance of their official duties;
 - g. Members of the public present to attend a public Board of Education or public school-related function; and
 - h. Others authorized by the Superintendent or designee and/or by Board Policy.
2. All visitors to a school building during a school day will be required to register their presence in the school and comply with the provisions of Policy and Regulation 9150. The school's registration and sign-in procedures may include the use of a school visitor management system



requiring the visitor to present acceptable identification to access the school building.

4. Signs will be conspicuously posted to inform visitors of the requirement to register their presence into the building.

C. Key Control System for Access to School Buildings and Facilities

1. School staff members will be provided access to a school building using the school's key control system as follows:

- a. Teaching staff members and support staff members will be provided access using the school's key control system to the school building and to other facilities on school grounds to which they require access for the performance of their professional duties.

- (1) The Building Principal will determine the school staff members who shall be provided access to facilities within the school building and on school grounds.

- (2) The Superintendent or designee will determine the district administrators, supervisors, and other staff members who shall be provided access to facilities within the school building and on school grounds.

2. School staff members provided access to a school building or other facilities on school grounds shall be responsible for ensuring their key control system authorization is not shared with another individual without prior approval of the Principal or designee for school staff members, or the Superintendent or designee for district staff members. Staff members are prohibited from permitting their key control system authorization to be used by another person unless prior approval is obtained from the Principal or designee at the building level and Superintendent or designee at the district level or in the event of an emergency.



3. A staff member's loss of a key, card, or any other device authorizing the staff member access to a school building or a facility on school grounds must be immediately reported to the Principal or Superintendent or designee. The staff member who loses a key, card, or any such access device may be responsible for the replacement cost.
- D. School Building Panic Alarm or Emergency Mechanisms (N.J.S.A. 18A:41-10 through 13)
1. Each public elementary and secondary school building shall be equipped with at least one panic alarm for use in a school security emergency including, but not limited to, a non-fire evacuation, lockdown, or active shooter situation.
 2. The alarm shall be directly linked to local law enforcement authorities or, in the case of a school building located in a municipality in which there is no municipal police department, a location designated by the Superintendent of the New Jersey State Police.
 3. The alarm shall be capable of immediately transmitting a signal or message to such authorities outlined in D.2. above upon activation.
 4. The alarm shall not be audible within the school building.
 5. Each panic alarm required under N.J.S.A. 18A:41-11 and Policy and Regulation 7440 shall:
 - a. Adhere to nationally recognized industry standards, including the standards of the National Fire Protection Association and Underwriters Laboratories; and
 - b. Be installed solely by a person licensed to engage in the alarm business in accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 45:5A-27.
 6. The school district may equip its elementary and secondary school buildings with an emergency mechanism that is an alternative to a panic



alarm if the mechanism is approved by the New Jersey Department of Education.

E. Staff Member Responsibilities

1. Staff members should not bring to school valuable personal items that cannot be in the staff member's personal possession at all times. The Board of Education is not responsible for a staff member's personal possession in the event the item is lost, stolen, misplaced, damaged, or destroyed.
2. In the event a staff member observes a student has a valuable item in school, the staff member will report it to the Principal or designee. A valuable item may include, but is not limited to, an unusually large amount of money, expensive jewelry or electronic equipment, or any item that is determined by the Principal or designee to be valuable to a student based on the student's age.
 - a. The Principal or designee may contact the student's parent and request the parent come to school to retrieve the valuable item;
 - b. The Principal or designee may secure the valuable item and return it to the student at the end of the school day and inform the student and the parent not to bring the valuable item to school in the future; or
 - c. The Principal or designee will permit the student to maintain the valuable item and inform the student and the parent not to bring the valuable item to school in the future.
 - d. The Board of Education is not responsible for a student's personal possession in the event the item is lost, stolen, misplaced, damaged, or destroyed when in the possession of the student.
3. Teaching staff members shall close classroom windows and shut and lock classroom doors when leaving at the end of the school day; shut and lock classroom doors during the school day when the room is not going to be in



use after their assignment, and report immediately to the Principal or designee any evidence of tampering or theft.

4. Custodians shall, at the end of the work day, conduct a security check of the building to make certain that all windows are closed and all office, classroom, and building doors are shut and locked, except as such doors may be required to be open for persons with access.
 5. Office personnel shall take all reasonable precautions to ensure the security of all school and district records and documents against unauthorized access, deterioration, and destruction.
- F. School Safety Specialist
1. The Superintendent of Schools shall designate a school administrator, or a school employee with expertise in school safety and security, as a School Safety Specialist for the district in accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:17-43.3.
 2. The School Safety Specialist shall:
 - a. Be responsible for the supervision and oversight for all school safety and security personnel, policies, and procedures in the school district;
 - b. Ensure that these policies and procedures are in compliance with State law and regulations; and
 - c. Provide the necessary training and resources to school district staff in matters relating to school safety and security.
 3. The School Safety Specialist shall also serve as the school district's liaison with law enforcement and national, State, and community agencies and organizations in matters of school safety and security.



4. The School Safety Specialist shall be required to acquire a New Jersey Department of Education School Safety Specialist Certification in accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:17-43.2.
- G. Summoning Law Enforcement Authorities
1. Law enforcement authorities will be summoned promptly whenever evidence is discovered that indicates: a crime has been committed on school premises or in the course of staff or student transportation to or from school; a break and entry may have occurred on school grounds; a deadly weapon is on school premises; a breach of the peace has occurred on school premises; for any reason required in the Memorandum of Understanding between the Board of Education and Law Enforcement and in accordance with Policy and Regulation 9320; or for any other reason there is concern about the health, safety, and welfare of persons on school grounds or school property.
 2. Anytime law enforcement agents are summoned in accordance with G.1. above, the Superintendent will be notified as soon as possible.
- H. Annual School Safety Audit for Each School Building
1. The district shall annually conduct a school safety audit for each school building using the checklist developed by the New Jersey Office of Homeland Security and Preparedness in collaboration with the Department of Education pursuant to section H.2. below.
 - a. The district shall submit the completed audit to the New Jersey Office of Homeland Security and Preparedness and the Department of Education in accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:41-14.a.
 - b. The audits shall be kept confidential and shall not be deemed a public record under N.J.S.A. 47:1A-1 et seq. or the common law concerning access to public records, but may be utilized for the



purpose of allocating any State grants or loans made available for the purpose of school facility safety and security upgrades.

2. The New Jersey Office of Homeland Security and Preparedness in collaboration with the Department of Education shall develop a comprehensive checklist of items to be reviewed and evaluated in the school safety audit(s) conducted by the school district pursuant to Section H.1. above.
 - a. The checklist shall include items to assess the security features and security vulnerabilities of the school district's school buildings and grounds. The checklist shall also include items to assess the emergency notification systems used to facilitate notification to parents and other members of the community in the case of school emergencies.
 - b. The checklist shall be reviewed annually by the New Jersey Office of Homeland Security and Preparedness and the Department of Education and updated as appropriate.
3. The New Jersey Office of Homeland Security and Preparedness in collaboration with the Department of Education shall provide technical assistance to school districts to facilitate the completion of the checklists in a uniform manner.

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R 7441 ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE IN SCHOOL BUILDINGS AND ON
SCHOOL GROUNDS (M)

In order to enhance a safe and secure environment, the Board authorizes electronic surveillance devices to be used in school district buildings and on school grounds.

A. Recording and Notice

1. Surveillance devices may include, but are not limited to, sound/video cameras, audio recording devices, and other appropriate devices.
2. Recordings may be used to monitor and observe the conduct of school district staff, students, community members, and other person(s) in school buildings or on school grounds.
3. Signage will be posted in a prominent public place in school buildings and on school grounds where electronic surveillance equipment may be used.

B. Student Records and Notice

School district personnel will comply with the provisions of applicable law regarding student record requirements including the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) and the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA). Recordings considered for retention, as a part of a student's behavioral record, will be maintained in accordance with established student record procedures governing access, review, and release of student records.

C. Staff Records and Notice

1. Recordings considered for retention as part of the employee's personnel record will be maintained in accordance with established Board personnel policies, administrative regulations, applicable law, and any labor agreements governing access, review, and release of employee personnel records.



Electronic Surveillance In the School Building and On School Grounds

2. The district will provide notice to students, parent(s), and school staff members that surveillance devices may be used in school buildings and on school grounds.
- D. Storage/Security
1. All recordings will be stored by the Superintendent or designee and secured to ensure confidentiality.
 2. Recordings will be retained in accordance with the New Jersey Department of the Treasury – Records Management Services - Records Retention Schedules and will be erased or discarded, unless there is a legitimate reason for retaining such recording for review, upon receiving prior authorization from Records Management Services.
- E. Use
1. The determination of the location of surveillance devices shall be made by the Superintendent or designee.
 2. Tampering with or otherwise interfering with surveillance equipment is prohibited. Any individual found tampering with equipment shall be subject to discipline.
- F. Viewing or Listening
1. Initial viewing or listening to recordings will be done by the district administrator.
 2. Requests for viewing or listening will be limited to persons with a direct interest in any proceedings, disciplinary or otherwise, resulting from the recordings, as deemed appropriate by the district administrator.
 3. Only the portion of the recording concerning a specific incident will be made available for viewing.



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4. Viewing or listening to the recording will be permitted on school property or as otherwise required by law.
 5. All viewing will be in the presence of the district administrator.
 6. A written log will be maintained by the district administrator of those viewing video recordings including date of viewing, reason for viewing, the date the recording was made, and the signature of the viewer.
 7. Video recordings remain the property of the school district and may be reproduced only in accordance with law, including applicable district student records policy and procedures and district personnel records policy, procedures and applicable labor agreements.
- G. Law Enforcement Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) (N.J.S.A. 18A:41-9)
1. In accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:41-9, if at least one school building of the school district is equipped with video surveillance equipment that is capable of streaming live video wirelessly to a remote location, the Board of Education shall enter into a MOU with local law enforcement authorities providing the authorities with the capacity to activate the equipment and view live streaming video. The MOU shall include, but need not be limited to, the following:
 - a. The designation of individuals who shall be authorized to view live streaming video;
 - b. The circumstances under which the designated individuals would view live streaming video; and
 - c. A detailed plan for preventing and detecting unauthorized access to live streaming video.
 2. In the case of a school building that is located in a municipality in which there is no municipal police department, the Board shall enter into a MOU with an entity designated by the Superintendent of the State Police.



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Electronic Surveillance In the School Building and On School Grounds

3. In the event the district and law enforcement authority are unable to reach an agreement regarding any provision required to be included pursuant to G.1.a.-c. above, the County Prosecutor shall make the final determination.
 4. Nothing in N.J.S.A. 18A:41-9 shall be construed as to require the installation of video surveillance equipment capable of streaming live video wirelessly to a remote site from a school building that is not equipped with such equipment.
- H. Purchase, Maintenance, Replacement of Equipment/Supplies
1. The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary or designee will be responsible for the purchase, maintenance, and replacement of all electronic surveillance devices.

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R 7510 USE OF SCHOOL FACILITIES

- A. Classification of users: Organizations and individuals requesting use of the school facilities will be classified 1 - 5 as follows:

Non-Profit

1. Lafayette Groups/Teams: (i.e., Boy Scouts/Girl Scouts, Lafayette Amateur Athletics (LAA), Lafayette Recreation, Lafayette PTO, School Clubs and Activities, 4H Groups, etc.). (Please note that the school teams or groups including the PTO that are directly related to the school receive first priority over the other Lafayette groups/teams.)
2. Regional Groups/Teams: (i.e., Boy Scouts/Girl Scouts, Regional Recreation Teams/Groups, 4H Groups with Lafayette residents as participants).
3. Non-Lafayette/Regional Groups/Teams: (Groups without Lafayette residents).

For-Profit

4. Lafayette for-profit activities, organizations or theatre groups, etc.
5. All other for-profit activities, organizations or theatre groups, etc.

- B. Application Procedures

1. Application must be made in writing and on the form supplied by the school district. All items included on the Facility Use Checklist must be submitted with the application. The forms and checklist are available in the office of the School Business Administrator/Board Secretary.
- 2a. Non-Profit Lafayette Groups such as school clubs or the PTO will be approved via the Superintendent. Groups in this classification must submit the request for facility use no later than 24 hours prior to the event. Approval will be provided at the discretion of the superintendent and based upon availability of necessary personnel.
- 2b. All other Non-Profit Lafayette Groups other than school clubs or the PTO will require board approval prior to the event. Applicants may submit their application for the use of facilities along with their certificate of insurance no earlier than ninety days before the activity date and no later than 30 days prior to the planned activity unless the activity is a special event (i.e. tournament, festival, educational



program) requiring long term planning and early facility use approval. Proof of insurance is required 10 days prior to the event.

All other Organizations: may submit their application along with their certificate of insurance no earlier than forty-five days before the activity date and follow the same procedures as listed above, unless the application requires Board of Education approval. Actions requiring Board approval must be submitted at least two weeks prior to the monthly Board meeting. Note: For-profit activities may need Board approval.

1. The application must be signed by two adult officers of the requesting organization, who will be considered by the Board to be the agents of the organization.
 4. The application must include all the facilities that the applicant wishes to use and all the dates and times of the requested use. The date(s) requested must be specific in nature and include the exact hourly time(s) the facility is needed. Approval of the application is limited to the facilities, dates, and times expressly requested on that application. Approval does not include the privilege of additional rehearsal time or the use of rooms or building not expressly requested. Each event will require a separate facility use request.
 5. Applicants must schedule an orientation with district administration prior to facility use to review security protocol, school expectations, and other pertinent information.
 6. The application must list all of the equipment and supplies needed for the use, pursuant to Board Policy.
- C. Approval: Non-profit users will be given priority according to tier (as listed in Section A) for the use of school facilities over for-profit users. For-profit users will be given lowest priority for the use of school facilities. No other organizations or individuals will be permitted to use school facilities.
1. Standards for approval include the following limitations on use:
 - a. School facilities are available for use on weekdays between 3:30 p.m. to 9:00 p.m. (after school hours). The facilities are also available Saturdays and Sundays during the regular school year from 8:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m. provided the user pays an overtime custodial fee (regardless of their classification). School facilities are not available for use on public



holidays or during school vacation periods during the regular school year. School facilities are not available for use during the school day or any day when the facility is closed for inclement weather, work stoppage, or other emergency. Any additional hours requested outside of the normal scope of time will be considered on a case by case basis at the discretion of the CSA.

- b. In accordance with Board Policy, the use of school facilities will not be granted for a partisan political activity, or any purpose that is prohibited by law.
2. The CSA or designee will review each application and check the school calendar to determine whether the facility/room requested is available at the date and time specified. The facility may not be available for use due to the following reasons:
 - a. Already in use for instructional or co-curricular program(s);
 - b. Unavailable due to maintenance, repair, or capital improvement; or
 - c. Already in use by another organization.
3. If the facility is unavailable for use, the CSA or designee will so inform the agent(s) of the organization and may suggest alternative dates, times, or facilities.
4. If the facility is available for use the CSA or designee will review the application and note the applicant's classification (Non-profit or For-profit) and any applicable fees and costs. All fees are paid directly to the Business office.
5. In the event of a conflict between requesting organizations within the same class, the request received earlier will be honored first.
6. A copy of each application and completed facility use checklist will be on file in the Business office.
7. All completed facility use checklist and required payments are due with the submission of the checklist prior to the event occurring. The application form will include the rules governing the use of school facilities. The agent's signatures on the application will signify notice of those rules and the organization's agreement to be bound by those rules. The agents are to distribute the facility use guidelines sheet to the participants. Copies of all required licenses must be provided.



8. Any application under question by the Superintendent, may be brought to the Board for review. The Board reserves the right to deny any application and to withdraw permission to use school facilities after approval has been granted and after the use has commenced. Permission may specifically be withdrawn from any organization whose agent has willfully made misrepresentation on the application or whose members violate the rules established for the use of school facilities. Such withdrawal of permission may constitute grounds for denying a future application made by the organization.
9. Permission to use school facilities is not transferable.
10. The organization's agents must inform the CSA or designee of any canceled use request as soon as he/she is aware of the cancellation. An organization's failure to inform the School Business Administrator/Board Secretary of a cancellation use at least twenty-four hours in advance of the scheduled time of the use may result in imposition of service charges or future restrictions on facilities use.

D. Insurance and Indemnification

1. The organization must assume responsibility for the orderly and careful use of the facility and must agree to assume liability for any damage or loss of property caused by the use or in the course of the use.
2. The organization and/or its agent will hold the Board harmless from claims arising out of the permitted use of the school facility or during the user's occupancy. In addition, the user shall agree to save the Board harmless from liability for injury or damage to any person or property of any person who may be attending or participating in the function or activity for which permission has been granted.
3. The user shall furnish evidence of the purchase of liability insurance in the amount of:
 - a. \$1,000,000 per person;
 - b. \$1,000,000 per accident or event; and
 - c. \$1,000,000 Property Damage, Liability Coverage.

E. Rules for the Use of School Facilities



1. Users of school facilities will be bound by the law.
 - a. Users must comply with all applicable statutes; municipal ordinances; and rules of the Board of Health, fire department, and police department regarding public assemblies.
 - b. The use must not exceed the established capacity of the facility used.
 - c. School facilities cannot be used for any purpose prohibited by law (including illegal gambling) or any activity likely to result in rioting, disturbance of the peace, damage of property or for the purpose of defaming others.
 - d. The use, possession, and/or distribution of alcohol and/or controlled dangerous substances are absolutely prohibited in accordance with law and policies of the Board.
 - e. Smoking is prohibited in accordance with Board Policy.
2. Users of school facilities will respect school property.
 - a. The user will not damage, destroy, or deface school property. The facility will be used with care and left in an orderly and neat condition. The user will be responsible for reimbursing the school for any damages caused by said user.
 - b. Custodian will complete checklist at conclusion of the event to be submitted directly to CSA for review.
 - c. Cleats are not to be worn inside any part of the building.
 - d. Specific policies for the use of the gymnasium:
 - (1) No food or drinks;
 - (2) No cleats;
 - (3) No chairs; and
 - (3) No furniture.



- e. The user must obtain the Superintendent's permission to bring equipment, decorations, or materials to the school facility. No equipment, decorations, or material may be nailed to floors, walls, windows, woodwork, curtains or textures or affixed to the same in any manner that defaces or damages school property. Any equipment, scenery, decorations, or other materials brought to the school facility and any debris caused by the use or remaining after the use must be promptly removed by the user. Any such material left on school premises after the use may be removed by the Board at the user's expense. The Board assumes no liability for damage to or loss of materials brought to school facilities.
- f. The user must obtain the Superintendent's permission to use, move, or tune a district piano. Any piano that has been moved must be returned to its original placement with the same care and at the expense of the user.
- g. No school facility may be used for a purpose in conflict with the purpose for which the facility was designed.
- h. Lighting equipment, ventilation systems, thermostatic controls and mechanical equipment may only be operated by district employees.
- i. The user must obtain the Superintendent's permission to serve and consume food and/or beverages on school premises. In the service and consumption of food and/or beverages, the user must clean all utensils, equipment, serving dishes, and the like and restore the facility to its proper condition. The user may not consume food or beverages or use supplies purchased with public funds. Food handler's license is required.
- j. No signs, posters, advertisements, or other displays may be placed in a school building without the approval of the Superintendent. Any permitted decorations must be promptly removed at the end of the event.
- k. No school keys shall be issued to user.
- l. No animal shall be allowed on school premises without the approval of the Superintendent.
- m. The user is responsible for examining the facility immediately before and after the use and informing the Superintendent or designee of any loss or damage that must be corrected.



- n. Permission to use school facilities extends only to the facility requested. Users are not entitled to enter health offices, administrative offices, storage closets, or any other room without permission. Users are not permitted to use district telephones, computers, and office equipment, except in the case of a medical or legal emergency.
 - o. No vehicles of any type shall be operated in any area that is not designed for such vehicles.
 - p. Taping and/or adhering items to the walls in the Gym and MPR is prohibited.
3. Users must be properly supervised.
- a. A school custodian must be on duty the entire time a use occurs. The facility is available for use between the hours of 8am – 9 pm. The custodian is present for the purpose of insuring proper functioning of the facility. The custodian may be directed by the Superintendent to perform extra services as an accommodation to the user. The user will be charged an additional fee and the custodian will be compensated accordingly by the district. (see F - Fee Schedule)
 - b. The user must assume full responsibility for the conduct of all participants in the use while they are in or about school buildings and grounds and must enforce these regulations. The user must provide an adequate number of persons to supervise participants in the activity, including an attendant in common areas for observation.
4. Extra Services
- a. A site manager is required for every event. The number of site managers will be at the discretion of the CSA. The use of certain school facilities (such as kitchen and all-purpose room) may require the services of school employees trained in the use of the facility. The user may be charged an additional fee and the school employee will be compensated accordingly by the district. (see F - Fee Schedule)
 - b. The user must in consultation with the Superintendent or designee, anticipate the need for the assistance of police officers, fire fighters, parking attendants and/or any other needed service. All such services



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must be arranged by the user and will be at the expense of the user. When a user refuses or fails to secure police, fire, parking assistance and/or any other needed or deemed required service after having been advised to do so by the Superintendent, the Superintendent may recommend that permission to use the facility be withdrawn.

5. Board members and school officials are entitled to full and free access to any part of the school premises during use. No user may exclude a Board member or school official from a school facility for any reason.

F. Fee Schedule

1. Non-profit users will not be charged a fee for building use or custodial services during the regular operating hours. For possible additional charges see 'All Users' below.

Groups 3, 4 and 5 will be charged a usage fee for fundraising, tournaments or for profit activities that will be held at Lafayette Township School. For-Profit users will be charged a “users fee” according to the following schedule:

Facility	Per Day
Gymnasium	\$300
All Purpose Room	\$150
Pavilion	\$150
Athletic Field	\$150
Kitchen	\$150
Library	\$100
Classroom	\$100

The hourly rate will be calculated at 10% of the daily rate per hour. They will also be billed for custodial services at a rate of \$100 every three hours. For possible additional charges see 'All Users' below.

'All Users' will be charged a fee for special services and/or extra custodial hours. Additional building fees may be warranted depending upon the need of the organization. These fees will be collected prior to the activity and will be outlined in the billing statement. All fees are due with submission of facility use checklist. A fee will be assessed and charged to every organization that causes any damage/excessive wear to the building or grounds.

Revised: September 19, 2017

Revised: September 11, 2019



R 7610 VANDALISM

A. Definitions

1. “Vandalism” means the willful and malicious acts of any person that result in the destruction, defacement, or damage of any property, real or personal, belonging to or entrusted to the Board. Vandalism includes arson and an act of graffiti.
2. “Arson” means the willful and malicious burning or setting on fire of any building or part of any building owned or operated by the Board, by any person.
3. “Act of graffiti” means the drawing, painting or making of any mark or inscription on school district real or personal property without the permission of the school district.

B. Reporting Vandalism

1. Any school employee who has reason to believe that an act of vandalism has occurred shall immediately report that belief or suspicion to the Principal of the affected building or, if the vandalism occurs at a facility other than a school, the supervisor in charge of the facility.
2. The Principal or supervisor shall promptly institute an investigation of the report by taking these steps as appropriate to the extent and seriousness of the vandalism:
 - a. Requesting the reporting employee to file a report of the evidence giving rise to his/her belief or suspicion that vandalism has occurred;
 - b. Visiting the site of the vandalism and examining its extent, taking photographs as necessary;
 - c. Determining and recording the names of witnesses, if any;
 - d. Interviewing witnesses and requesting their written reports of events;
 - e. Assessing the costs of repair and replacement of any parts of the building, furnishings, and/or equipment; and
 - f. Questioning the person or persons, if any, identified as having caused the vandalism.



3. The Principal will complete and file with the Superintendent a detailed vandalism and property damage report.
 4. The Principal will notify the police if the vandalism involves:
 - a. Significant damage, or
 - b. Arson, or
 - c. Theft or burglary, or
 - d. The use of any symbol that exposes persons to violence, contempt, or hatred on the basis of race, color, creed, religion, national origin, ancestry, age, marital status, affectational or sexual orientation or sex, social or economic status, or disability, or
 - e. An act of graffiti.
- C. Penalties and Restitution
1. A pupil who vandalizes school property is subject to discipline, which may include suspension or expulsion, in accordance with Policy Nos. 5600, 5610, and 5620.
 2. A pupil who vandalizes school property will be held liable for any damages caused by the act of vandalism.
 3. The parent(s) or legal guardian(s) of any minor who injures/vandalizes school property, whether or not the minor is enrolled in this district, shall be liable for damages to the amount of the injury, together with costs of suit if the Board must resort to legal process to obtain payment of damages. N.J.S.A. 18A:37-3
 - a. The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary shall obtain a professional estimate of the cost of repairs and/or replacements necessitated by the vandalism.
 - b. The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary shall present the pupil's parent(s) or legal guardian(s) with an itemized bill based on the estimated costs.



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- c. If, within thirty calendar days, the pupil's parent(s) or legal guardian(s) has not paid the bill or made arrangements with the School Business Administrator/Board Secretary for the payment of the bill in periodic installments, the Superintendent shall inform the Board and recommend that the Board Attorney commence civil action for the amount due together with costs.
 - d. No diploma, transcript, transfer card, or report card will be issued to the pupil until all obligations to the Board have been met.
- 4. The Principal will recommend to the Superintendent and the Superintendent will recommend to the Board, a pupil whose vandalism of school property is so serious or chronic as to warrant reporting the pupil to the police.
- 5. Any person who purposely defaces or damages school property with any symbol that exposes persons to violence, contempt, or hatred on the basis of race, color, creed, religion, national origin, ancestry, age, marital status, affectational or sexual orientation or sex, social or economic status, or disability is guilty of a crime and shall be reported to the appropriate law enforcement agency.
- 6. Any person who purposely or knowingly damages school district property recklessly or negligently in the employment of fire, explosives or another dangerous means listed in accordance with N.J.S.A. 2C:17-2 or purposely or recklessly tampers with the tangible property of the school district so as to endanger school district property will be reported to the appropriate law enforcement agency.
- 7. A person convicted of an offense that involves an act of graffiti will be required to reimburse the school district the cost of damages and may be required to perform community service, which may include removing the graffiti from the property, in accordance with the law. In addition, the courts may suspend or postpone driving privileges of any person, at least thirteen and under eighteen years of age, if convicted of an act of graffiti.

Issued: 7 September 2010

